				spoint.cor		
	FEDH	ERAL PUBI				ION
ALLER P.			MENT TO	MINATION POSTS IN I GOVERNM	BS-17	Roll Number
	Stradiants	ACCOUNTA	ANCY & AU	J DITING, P	APER-I THE	CSS POINT Yes We Can Do It!
	IE ALLOWED: REE HOURS	(PART-I MCQs) (PART-II)	30 MINUT	ES & 30 MINUTI		UM MARKS: 20 UM MARKS: 80
NOT	TE: (i) First a	ttempt PART-I (MC				
	(ii) Over) minutes. writing/cutting of th of Calculator is allow		wers will not h	oe given credit.	
		PART-I	((MCQs) (C	OMPULSO	<u>RY)</u>	
		option/answer and finanywhere, other that				wer Sheet. (20x1=20
1. 2.	(a) Luca Paioli Accumulated loss	k Keeping was fathered (b) Yoyji Ijiri of a company is shown (b) As an asset	(c) Mic		(d) Ishika	
3.	under:	(b) As an asset nies Ordinance 1984, d	isclosure of fina	ncial informatio		
4.	(a) Schedule 6A company is con(a) Below 0.5 : 1	(b) Schedule 5asidered sick under the (b) Below 3 : 1		nance 1984 whe	(d) Schedule 8re current ratio is:(d) None of these	
5.		d to prepare their finand re with no legislative re inance 1962	equirements		panies Ordinance 1	984
6. 7.	Preparation of fina	ancial statement of lister t 1938 (b) Insurance O				nies Ordinance 1984
	(a) Revenues exc(c) When relevant	ceed the matching relev nt matching cost exceed	ls revenues (d) None of the	0	e equal to each other.
8. 9.	(a) Partnership Ac Work sheet is equ		e societies legisl	ation (c) Comp		
10.	(a) Balance sheeWork sheet does i(a) Fund flows st			(c) Trial Balant (c) Cash flow		
11.	Deffered tax is sho (a) Liability	own in the balance shee (b) Asset	et as: (c) An	expenditure in i	ncome statement	(d) None of these
12.	(a) People	resent tangible assets a (b) Expenses	(c) Rev		et as: (d) Goodwill	
13.	Under the Rule of (a) 6:1	thumb a good current (b) 10 : 1	ratio is: (c) .05	:1	(d) 2:1	
14.	•	is a legislative require Ordinance 1984 (b) H		1932 (c) Volu	intary act (d) No	one of these
15.	Pakistan follows t(a) Zero-Based E(c) Responsibilit		(b) Pro	ogram Budgeting	g mental budgeting	
16.	Preparation of buc (a) No Law (b	dget by a company is co b) Several laws (c) S	ompulsory under	•		anies Ordinance 1984
17.	(a) Revenues	t be accounted for: (b) Fixed Asset		(c) Share Capit	tal (d) None of these
18.	(a) Income Tax O	cciation is allowed under rdinance 2001 (b) Volu	intary principals		-	
19.	(a) Partnerships(c) Voluntary Ac	ct for Compliance		(b) Securities(d) None of the	& Exchange Rules ese	
20.		(b) 2:1	(c) 0.2		ue is: (d) None of these	
						Page 1 of 3

ACCOUNTANCY & AUDITING, PAPER-I

PART-II

- NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
 - (ii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
 (iii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II, selecting TWO questions from EACH SECTION. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
 - (iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.
 - (v) Use of Calculator is allowed.

SECTION-A

Q.2. The following information is available:

Trial Balance as at December 31, 2012.

Particulars	Debit Rs.	Credit Rs.
Capital		6400000
Drawings	1813800	
Goodwill	3618200	
Land & Buildings	2400000	
Plant & Machinery	1600000	
Loose Tools	120000	
Bills Receivable	145800	
Bills Payable		1352000
Creditors		3068840
Purchase Returns		106000
Sales		8720000
Stock, 1 st Jan 2011	1677800	
Purchases	2050800	
Wages	858000	
Carriage Outward	22160	
Carriage inward	55000	
Coal & gases	234160	
Salaries	1414560	
Rent, Rates & Taxes	113000	
Discount	60520	
Cash at Bank	1016840	
Cash in Hand	18600	
Sundry Debtors	1800000	
Repairs & maintenance	74600	
Printing & Stationery	20600	
Bad Debts	48520	
Advertisements	140840	
Sales Returns	85000	
Furniture	48000	
General Expenses	210040	
•	19646840	19646840

The following adjustments are to be made:

- 1. Closing Stock as on December 31, 2011 was Rs 1400000.
- 2. Depreciation is to be provided on the following assets:

10 %
10 %
10 %
2.5 %

- 3. Provide for the following payables:
 - Wages Rs. 60000
 - Advertisements Rs. 20000
 - Salaries Rs.120000
 - Repairs & Maintenance Rs. 15000

4. Provide 5 % on the debtors against bad debts and 2 % against discounts.

Required:- Prepare Trading, Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2011 from the above Data.

(20)

ACCOUNTANCY & AUDITING, PAPER-I

Q.3. The following results of a company are available:

	• •	
a.	Current Ratio	6:1
b.	Quick Ratio	0.50:1
c.	Debt Equity Ratio	90:10
d.	Collection index	136 days

e. Time Interest Earned 08 : 1

<u>Required:-</u>

Offer your comments on each of the above regarding their adequacy or otherwise.

Q.4. Review salient features of Zero-based Budgeting. Who authored it? Is it relevant to conditions (20) prevailing in Pakistan? Present your view point candidly.

SECTION-B

- **Q.5.** Present legal requirements governing preparation of financial statements of an Insurance (20) Company under Insurance Ordinance, 2000. Illustrate your answer wherever your can.
- **Q.6.** G and D are equal partners in a business in which the books are kept by single entry. Their position on July 01, 2012 was as under: (20)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs
Bills Payable	62000	Cash in Hand	2700
Sundry Creditors	200000	Cash in Bank	138800
Capital Accounts G Rs 800000	1600000	Bills Receivable	46000
Capital Accounts D Rs 800000	100000	Sundry Debtors	486500
		Stock	338000
		Plant & Machinery	800000
		Furniture & fixture	50000
	1862000		1862000

The following existed as state of affairs as on June 30, 2012.

0	
— Cash in hand	Rs 4000
— Cash at bank	Rs 158000
 Sundry Creditors 	Rs 212000
— Stock	Rs 367000
 Sundry debtors 	Rs 668000
— Bills Payable	Rs 6000
— Bills Receivable	Rs 88000
- Plant & Machinery is to be	depreciated at 10 %

- **Required:-** Calculate the profit for the year ended on June 30, 2012 and draw up the statement of affairs as on that date showing the accounts of the partners in details assuming G withdrew Rs.100000 and D withdrew Rs.80000 during the year.
- Q.7. Currently there is a growing interest of more and more disclosure in financial reports of corporate.

You are required to first list and then explain the following:-

- **1.** Rationale behind the above movement.
- 2. Push forces behind the above trends.
- **3.** How for one should go for full disclosure? Where one should stop?

Q.8. Define and illustrate the following:

- **a.** Depreciation on Replacement cost
- **b.** Revaluation of assets and legal provisions governing this.
- **c.** Deferred Taxation
- **d.** Cash generation statement.

(20)

(20)

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013

<u>Roll Number</u>

ACCOUNTING & AUDITING, PAPER-II

IHI		(PART-I MCQs				IUM MARKS: 20
	REE HOURS	(PART-II)		30 MINUTES		IUM MARKS: 80
NO [®] .		ttempt PART-I (M) minutes.	ICQs) on separate	OMR Answer Shee	t which shal	I be taken back
			the options/onewo	s will not be given	cradit	
		Calculator is allo	-	's will not be given	crean.	
				<u>OMPULSORY</u>		
-		1		te Circle On the C		er Sheet. (20x1=20
((II) Answers given	anywhere, other t	han OMR Answer	Sheet, shall not be co	onsidered.	
1.	Break-up value of	of a share can be de	etermined by:			
	(a) Net assets m) Stock exchange q		l) None of these
2.				s is paid up to the da		
				inding up (c) Pa	yment (d) None of these
}.		U	erned with the valu	0		
		•		od (c) Average profi		I) None of these
•				rity in payment over		
,	(a) Preferential		Secured creditors		`	d) None of these
•	_			and a new Co., Z Lto		
•	(a) Absorption		l Reconstruction	(c) Amalgam ebited to (by the Ve	· ·) None of these
•	(a) Realization) Goodwill account		None of these
•	• •			n on consignment ar	· · ·	
•) Consignor's acco		None of these
•		. ,	bears in the revenue		(u)	
•	(a) As a expense) As a profit	(b)	None of these
•	A contributory is			, is a prom	(u)	
-	(a) A creditor		Shareholder () Debenture holder	(d)	None of these
0.			e of a banking com	·	()	
	(a) Profit & los		Profit & loss A/c ((d)	None of these
1.	Rebate on bills d	liscounted is:				
	(a) An expense	(b)	An income (c) A liability	(d)	None of these
2.		ant of bills payable				
_	(a) Increase the			(c) Has not effect or	n cash (d)	None of these
3.		lowings is a non-op				
		-	in manufacturing		11 .	
		m sales in trading) Dividends receive	ed by an inv	estment company
1		eceived from an in				
4.		lowing is not a cap 1 the issue of share) Profit prior to Inc	ornoration	
		jualization reserve	•	Profit on the sale	-	sets
5.			accounting means:	, i forte on the sale	s or incu do	
- •	-	terioration of a fixe	-) Decline in the ma	arket value o	of the asset
	· · · ·		asset, over its usef	·		
	• •		blacement of the fix			
6.	Posting a wrong	amount in ledger of	causes:			
		lance is out of bala		se not cause the trial	balance to	the out of balance
			out of balance () None of these		
7.		should be classified				
	(a) Current asso	. ,	Current liability	(c) Fixed ass	• • •	None of these
8.				lculated with the he		
	· · · ·			(c) $\underline{\text{Total fixed asset}}$		
	Total ass	sets Tota	l outside liabilities	Capital employe	ed T	otal equity
						Page 1 of 3

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ACCOUNTING & AUDITING, PAPER-II

- **19.** Sales on account for company for the year ended December 31, 2012 amounted Rs. 50000, if the opening balance receivable was Rs. 10000 and the closing balance was Rs. 20000, the cash collected from customers must have been:-
- (a) 40000 (b) 50000 (c) 60000 (d) 70000
 20. Financial accounting reports are prepared primarily:
 - (a) To value the property of the company (b) To show managers the results of their departments
 - (c) To help people make decisions about resource allocation(d) To show the value of shares in the company

PART-II

- NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
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 (iii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II, selecting ONE question from EACH
 - SECTION A,B,C, and D. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
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 - (v) Use of Calculator is allowed.

SECTION-A (COST ACCOUNTING)

Abbas manufacturing Company submitted following information at 31^{st} December 2011. (20)

?

Q.2.

<u>Inventories</u>	Opening
Raw Material	100000
Factory Supplies	2000
Work in process	50000
Finished goods	100000
Other Data	
Direct labour	100000
Indirect labour	5000
Electric supply expenses	2000
Heating and lighting	4000
Workmen's compensation	3000
Factory insurance	1000
Supertendence expenses	2000
Wages and rent factory	8000
Miscellaneous expenses	1000
Factory supplies purchases	3000
Raw material purchased	230000
Tool expenses	2000

Finished goods inventory 1st January 500 units, sold during the year 2011, 5500 units @ Rs. 300 per unit and the closing inventory of finished goods at 31st December 2011 was 550 units.

<u>Required</u> (a) Cost of goods sold (b) An income statement for the year 2011

Q.3. J.Town's stock at 1st January 2012 consisted of 100 units, cost as follows:-

FIFO	100 units @ £ 60	<u>£ 6,000</u>
Average cost	100 units @ £ 55	£ 5,500

During the year ended 31st December 2012 Town made the following sales and purchases:

		Sales
	Purchases	(units)
January	10 @ £ 60	
March		40
April	80 @ £ 100	
June		30
November		20
December	10 @ £ 120	

Required

J. Town's stock at 31st December 2012 and the cost of goods sold for the year ended 31st December 2012 based on:

(a) FIFO

(**b**) Average cost (perpetual).

Page 2 of 3

(20)

ACCOUNTING & AUDITING, PAPER-II

SECTION-B (AUDITING)

- Q.4. (a) Explain the relationship between desired level of assurance and legal liability of Auditors? (10)
 - (b) List out five specific quantifiable events that an auditor can verify, and state specific (10) criteria for evaluating the events.
- Q.5. (a) Distinguish between the responsibility for fraudulent omission and responsibility for (10) unintentional errors.
 - (b) Elaborate the different types of Audit, under the Companies Act 1984. (10)

SECTION-C (INCOME TAX LAW)

Q.6. The following is the profit & loss account of Bright Company (Public) Ltd. For the tax (20) year 2010-2011. Find out the total taxable income of the company and total tax payable.

		1 2	1 2
	Rs		Rs.
Salaries & wages	80,000	Gross profit	171,600
Printing & stationary	10,000	Income from rented shop	21,000
Rent expenses	15,000	Casual income	10,000
Reserve for doubtful debts	7,000	Dividend	15,000
Director's fee	3,000	Winning from lottery	4,000
Donations	10,000	Sundry receipts	11,000
Cost of issue of debentures	2,500		
Loss of embezzlement	5,000		
Provision for gratuity	10,000		
Vehicle repair	20,000		
Depreciation	15,000		
Bad debts	1,100		
Income tax	21,000		
Rent, rate & tax	6,000		
Net profit	27,000		
	2,32,600		2,32,600

Notes:

- 1. Depreciation allowable Rs.11,800
- 2. Donations were paid to approved institutions.
- 3. Salaries and wages include Rs. 12,400 paid to the Director of the company
- **Q.7.** From the following data, calculate income tax payable by Mr.Hassan Khan for the tax year (20) ending 30th June 2011.
 - 1. Basic salary

2.	Medical allowance	Rs. 3
3.	House rent allowance	Rs. 10

- 4. Bonus
- 5. Zakat deduction
- 6. Agriculture income

Rs. 26,000 p.m Rs. 35,00 p.m Rs. 16,000 p.m Rs. 8,000 Rs. 5,200 Rs. 50,000

SECTION-D (BUSINESS ORGANIZATION AND FINANCE)

- Q.8. (a) Identify three basic forms of business ownerships and state the merits and demerits of any (10) one of them.
 - (b) How does a corporation operate? What effective roles can be played by the Board of (10) Directors and top management in a corporation?

Q.9.	Select any Four to describe moderately:-		(5 each)	(20)
	(a). Types of Share Capital	(b).	Prospects	
	(c). Sinking Fund	(d).	Issue of Shares at Discount	
	(e). Memorandum of Association	n (f).	Manufacturing Companies	
