



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

**COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2006**

Roll Number

HISTORY OF INDIA AND PAKISTAN

Paper - I

THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE:(i) Attempt ONLY FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8, which is COMPULSORY.

All questions carry EQUAL marks.

(ii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

(iii) Candidate must draw two straight lines at the end to separate each question attempted in Answer Books.

Q1. "Iltutmish is regarded as the real founder of the slave dynasty".How and Why?

Q2. Give a brief review of the services rendered by the Muslim Saints for the propagation of Islam during the sultanate period.

Q3. Describe the salient features of the Muslim rule in the subcontinent under the Sultans of the Delhi.

Q4. Highlight the steps taken by Akbar for the consolidation of Mughal Empire.

Q5. "The war of succession among the sons of the Shah Jehan was in fact ,war between the two ideologies". comment and account for the success of Aurangzeb Alamgir.

Q6. "The administrative structure which goes under the name of "Mughal Administration" was the culmination of experience gained during centuries of muslim rule".Discuss

Q7. Write short notes on any two of the following.

- The Mongol policy of the sultans of Delhi
- Historical value of the Tuzuk-i-Baburi
- Rise and falls of Nur Jahan

COMPULSORY QUESTIONS

Q8. Write only correct answer in words/figures in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

1 Muhammad Bin Qasim was called back by
Walid bin Abdul malik
Sulaiman bin Abdul malik
Hasham bin Abdul malik
None of these

2 Mahmud Ghaznavi died as result of
Illness
Conspiracy
Fatal attack
None of these

3 Hazrat Data Gunj Bakhsh Ali Hajvery came to India with
Muhammad bin qasim
sultan mahmud ghaznavi
sultan masud of ghazna
None of these

4. Qutb ud din Aibak died during the game of
wrestling
polo
football
None of these

5.Changhez khan came to India during the reign of
Iltutmish
balban
babur
None of these

6.Second battle of Tarain was fought in
1190
1191
1192
None of these

7.Razia Sultana married with
altunia
jamal ud din yaqut
bahram shah
None of these



8. Ibn Batuta visited India in
12 th century
13 th century
14 th century
None of these

9. Babur assumed the title of " Padsha"
after the conquest of Kabul
after the 1st battle of Panipat
after the battle of Kanwah
None of these

10. Sayyid Mahdi Khawaja was the husband of
Gulbadan Begum
Khanzada Begum
Masuma Begum
None of these

11. A public kitchen famously known as "Langar-i-Fukra" was opened by
Sher Shah
Humayun
Akbar
None of these

12. Akbar was crowned as king at
Karnal
Lahore
Kalanur
None of these

13. The colour of the marble of Taj Mahal is
red
white
blue
None of these

14. Aurangzeb Alamgir had
one son
two sons
three sons
None of these

15. The original name of the Mahmood Shah was
Khush Akhtar
Buland Akhtar
Raushan Akhtar
None of these



16. The ninth Sikh Peshwa "Guru Teg Bahadur" was executed by
akbar
jahangir
aurangzeb alamgir
None of these

17. Jahangir's reign was from 1605 A.D to
1625 A.D
1626 A.D
1627 A.D
None of these

18. How many invasions Ahmad Shah Abdali made on the subcontinent?
3
5
8
None of these

19. "Tarikh-i-Firuz Shahi" the best source of information for the reign of Sher Shah was written by
Al-Beruni
Abbas Sarwani
Gulbadan Begum
None of these

20. Todar Mal was the Revenue Minister of
Sher Shah
Akbar
Shah Jahan
None of these



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**HISTORY OF INDIA AND PAKISTAN
Paper - II**

THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE:(i) Attempt ONLY FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8, which is COMPULSORY.

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PART - I

Q1. Estimate the contribution of Shah Waliullah towards the regeneration of the Muslim of South-Asia.

Q2. What is meant by the Aligarh Movement? Critically examine its services to the cause of education.

Q3. Analyze the circumstances that led to the foundation of Muslim League. What were its main objectives?

Q4. Trace the genesis of the Khilafat Movement? What were its effects on the history of South-Asia?

PART – II

Q5. Describe the causes and effects of the separation of East Pakistan.

Q6. Pakistan's relations with China have proved to be a blessing for peace in the region. Discuss.

Q7. Write short notes on any TWO of the following.

- (a) Khwaja Nazimuddin
- (b) SEATO
- (c) Basic Democracies

COMPULSORY QUESTIONS

Q8. Write only correct answer in words/figures in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1) Which of the European nations came first to South Asia?

- a) Portuguese
- b) Dutch
- c) English
- d) None of these

(2) Lahore was given to Ranjit Singh by

- a) Nadir Shah
- b) Ahmad Shah Abdali
- c) Zaman Khan
- d) None of these

(3) The Battle of Plassey was fought in

- a) 1657
- b) 1757
- c) 1857
- d) None of these

(4) Haidar Ali died in

- a) 1784
- b) 1884
- c) 1901
- d) None of these

(5) Tipu Sultan is buried at

- a) Delhi
- b) Agra
- c) Seringapatam
- d) None of these

(6) Sir Syed was born in

- a) 1810
- b) 1817
- c) 1830
- d) None of these

(7) Syed Ahmad Brailvi fell martyr at Balakot in

- a) 1757
- b) 1830
- c) 1857
- d) None of these



(8) The war of Independence of 1857 started from

- a) Delhi
- b) Meerat
- c) Cawnpore
- d) None of these

(9) Islamia College Peshawar was founded by

- a) Adbul Ghaffar Khan
- b) Haj Sahin Tarangzai
- c) Sahinzada Abdul Qayyum
- d) None of these

(10) Anjuman-i-Himaya-i-Islam was founded in

- a) 1884
- b) 1892
- c) 1902
- d) None of these

(11) The name of the newspaper edited by Maulana Muhammad Ali Jauhar was

- a) Zamindar
- b) Inqalab
- c) Al Hilal
- d) None of these

(12) Unionist Party was founded by

- a) Zafar Ali Khan
- b) Sikandar Hayat
- c) Khizar Hayat
- d) None of these

(13) Ghazi Ilmuddin killed

- a) Rah Pal
- b) Saverkar
- c) Diyanand
- d) None of these

(14) Who compiled the Nehru Report?

- a) Mr. Gandhi
- b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- c) Indra Gandhi
- d) None of these

(15) Lahore Resolution was presented by

- a) Quaid-e-Azam
- b) Fazl-ul-Haq
- c) Liaquat Ali Khan
- d) None of these



(16) Sikandar Mirza declared Martial Law on

- a) October 8, 1958
- b) October 27, 1958
- c) November 1, 1958
- d) None of these

(17) War of 1965 resulted in signing of

- a) Delhi Pact
- b) Lahore Pact
- c) Moscow Pact
- d) None of these

(18) Pakistan Peoples Party was founded in

- a) 1966
- b) 1967
- c) 1968
- d) None of these

(19) The first President of Pakistan was

- a) Quaid-e-Azam
- b) Liaquat Ali Khan
- c) Sikandar Mirza
- d) None of these

(20) The Constitution of 1973 was promulgated on

- a) March 23, 1973
- b) August 14, 1973
- c) December 25, 1973
- d) None of these