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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2022 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURSPART-IPART-I(MCQS):MAXIMUM 30 MINUTESPART-I	(MCQS)MAXIMUM MARKS = 20IMAXIMUM MARKS = 80
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NOTE: (i) **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.

- (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
- (ii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places. Write Ω No in the Λ neuron Book in accordance with Ω No in the Ω -Bonor
- (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. Foreign policy scholars argued that transnational actors influence the contours of any country's foreign policy. Discuss keeping in mind the foreign policy of China. (20)
- Q. No. 3. It is argued that democratic countries pursue peaceful foreign policies. Support your answer with concrete examples. (20)
- Q. No. 4. Explain objectives and determinants of Pakistan's foreign policy. (20)
- Q. No. 5. Define power, Explain with examples the concept of hard power, soft power, and smart power in international politics. (20)
- Q. No. 6. Evaluate the impact of the IMF loans on the economy of Pakistan. (20)
- Q. No. 7. Discuss in detail how globalization has affected the concept of security?. (20)
- Q. No. 8. Discuss in detail the new maritime security challenges for the Indian Ocean region. (20)



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2022 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	PART-I (MCQS)	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 80

NOTE: (i) **Part-II is** to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.

- (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
- (ii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places. Write Ω No in the Answer Book in secondarias with Ω No in the Ω -Borer
- (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. What are the key features of the US new Indo-Pacific strategy under Joe Biden's administration? How does it treat China? (20)
- Q. No. 3. What are the Russian objectives behind the military intervention in Ukraine? Discuss Whether western sanctions can prove effective as an instrument to counter the Russian act.. (20)
- Q. No. 4. Why does South Asia remain the least integrated region in the world? What lessons can SAARC draw from the EU and ASEAN experience in regional integration? (20)
- Q. No. 5. How have the nuclear doctrines of India and Pakistan evolved? What do their current doctrines imply for deterrence stability in South Asia?. (20)
- Q. No. 6. Define "Balancing Act" in International Relations. What are Pakistan's imperatives and constraints with regard to maintaining balance in relations with the major powers?. (20)
- Q. No. 7. Examine the achievements and challenges in EU-Pakistan relations from the perspective of International political economy. (20)
- Q. No. 8. What are China's interests in Afghanistan? Discuss its role and options in the country following the US exit. (20)



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2021 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED:THREE HOURS
MAXIMUM 30 MINUTESPART-I (MCQS)MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
MAXIMUM MARKS = 80PART-I(MCQS):MAXIMUM 30 MINUTESPART-IIMAXIMUM MARKS = 80NOTE: (i)Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
(ii)Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii)All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different
places.

- (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

PART-II

Q. No. 2. Define International Relation	s. Discuss it's changing/ evolving scope.	(20)
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- Q. No. 3. Comparatively discuss the modernist IR theories (Realism and Liberalism) with post-(20) modernist IR theories (Feminism and Constructivism).
- **Q. No. 4.** Explain the concept of 'Comprehensive Security' differentiating it from the traditional (20) concept of 'Power'. Is it an appropriate concept for developing and poor countries?
- Q. No. 5. Identify and analytically explain the various conflict resolution methods. (20)
- Q. No. 6. What is the role of economy in state behaviour? How does it influence definition of (20) National Interest and how is used as a tool of achieving foreign policy goals? Discuss with examples.
- Q. No. 7. Identify the different types of non-State actors in International Relations and their (20) impact on the International System.
- Q. No. 8. Identify and discuss determinants of Pakistan's Foreign Policy. (20)



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2021 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-II

	OWED: THREE HOURS CQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80	
NOTE: (i)	Part-II is to be attempted on the separ	ate Answer Book.		
(ii)	(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.			
(iii)) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different			
	places.			
(iv)	(iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.			
(v)	v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must			
	be crossed.			
(vi)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.			

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. Examine China Strategic Vision behind 'The Belt and Road Initiative (BRI)', also (20) known as the One Belt One Road (OBOR).
- Q. No. 3. Give a critical appraisal of Pakistan's Foreign Policy in perspective of Climate (20) Change.
- Q. No. 4. What could be the reasons of emerging water conflict between Pakistan and (20) Afghanistan?
- Q. No. 5. Discuss National Energy Policy of Pakistan in the context of CPEC signed in 2015. (20)
- Q. No. 6. What is pandemic? How can the pandemic management strategy be made part of (20) the governance systems of Pakistan?
- Q. No. 7. Why and when was the BRICS established? Which countries are part of BRICS? (20)
- Q. No. 8. How can Pakistan develop credible capabilities to deter 'Hybrid' warfare? (20)



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2020 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

<u>Roll Number</u>

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURSPART-I (MCQS)MAXIMUM MARKS = 20PART-I(MCQS):MAXIMUM 30 MINUTESPART-IIMAXIMUM MARKS = 80

- **NOTE: (i) Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
 - (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
 - (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
 - (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
 - (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
 - (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

PART-II

- **Q. No. 2.** How the Neo-Realist and Constructivist approaches differ over the study of state (20) behavior in the contemporary international politics?
- **Q. No. 3.** Describe the concept of Pre-Emptive Self-Defense in the context of International Law (20) and critically evaluate the legitimacy of US use of force against Iraq.
- **Q. No. 4.** What do you understand by International Political Economy? How it promotes (20) economic dependency in the developing states?
- Q. No. 5. Define the concept of Strategic Culture and highlight the major determinants of (20) Pakistan's Strategic Culture.
- Q. No. 6. Explain the concept of Economic Liberalism and relate its core interests with the (20) concept of Neo-imperialism.
- **Q. No. 7.** Critically evaluate the US Indo-Pacific policy. Do you believe the current US strategies (20) are aimed at containing growing economic super power China?
- Q. No. 8. Describe the geo-strategic importance of Indian Ocean and highlight its impacts on (20) Pakistan's Maritime security.



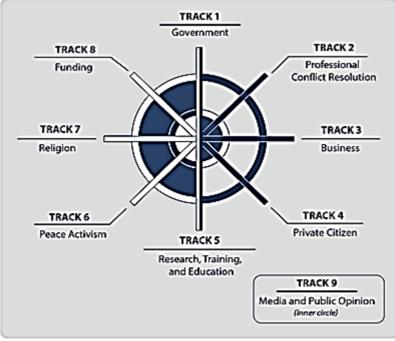
FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2020 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-II

TIME ALL PART-I(MO	OWED: THREE HOURS CQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80	
NOTE: (i) (ii) (iii)	Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book . Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II . ALL questions carry EQUAL marks. All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.			
(iv) (v)				
(vi)	Extra attempt of any question or any p	part of the question will	not be considered.	
Q. No. 2.	PART-II What are the multidimensional and multifaceted impacts of climate change on multiple dimensions of security? Identify each, discuss and analyze under the theoretical framework of Security and International Relations. (20)			
Q. No. 3.	What are the four essentials of Resource Management? When does a resource become (20) an element of power "OR" a resource curse? Discuss the Reko-Diq case in this context.			
Q. No. 4.	 Why is it difficult to define terrorism (a) Feminization of terrorism (c) Commercialization of terrorism 	(b) Criminal	lization of terrorism	
Q. No. 5.	Differentiate between Washington consensus a challenge to the Washing		ng consensus. Is Beijing (20)	

- Q. No. 6. Comment in detail on mechanism of conflict resolution between Pakistan and (20) Afghanistan and on Durand line issue.
- Q. No. 7. Discuss Russia's return to South Asia and United States' Indo-Pacific Strategy. (20)
- **Q. No. 8.** Explain the following diagram in the light of multi-track diplomacy. Which is the most (20) important track of diplomacy and why?





FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2019 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVE RNMENT

<u>Roll Number</u>

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED:THREE HOURSPART-I (MCQS)MAXIMUM MARKS = 20PART-I(MCQS):MAXIMUM 30 MINUTESPART-IIMAXIMUM MARKS = 80NOTE: (i)Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.MAXIMUM MARKS = 80(ii)Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.

- (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
- (iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

- **Q. No. 2.** Discuss the significant features of "Treaty of Westphalia" and the development of modern nation state system. (20)
- Q. No. 3. Discuss the concept of "Idealism". Explain its core perceptions and define its agenda (20) of peace for the stability of world.
- Q. No. 4. Discuss the concept of Security. in the post-Cold War era. Explain its changing (20) dimensions and define its Strength and weaknesses tor the nation states.
- Q. No. 5. Discuss the concept of "Hybird and Social Media" as a means of modem (20) psychology warfare. Explain its characteristics and suggest measures to promote national security.
- Q. No. 6. Critically discuss the idea of "Dependence and Interdependence". Explain its (20) advantages and disadvantages for the poor countries.
- **Q. No. 7.** Discuss the development of "Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty" NPT). define its (20) main features and explain its status in present world.
- Q. No. 8. Pakistan is going to International Monetary Fund (IMF) for its bailout package to resolve its financial problems through prudent management. Discuss Pakistan's external debt problems and domestic liabilities to stabilize country's economic uncertainty.



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2019 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

<u>Roll Number</u>

INTERNATIONSL RELATIONS, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURSPART-I (MCQS)MAXIMUM MARKS = 20PART-I(MCQS):MAXIMUM 30 MINUTESPART-IIMAXIMUM MARKS = 80

- **NOTE: (i) Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
 - (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
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 - (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. What were the foundational principles of Nazism using which Hitler raised to power in (20) Germany?
- Q. No. 3. Cold war is considered as one of the longest peace in great powers' history. What (20) deterministic factors ensured relative peace in great powers' relations during the Cold War?
- Q. No. 4. World orders are established by great powers in order to serve their interests. What are the foundations of existing world order(s) and how do they serve the interests of great powers?
- **Q. No. 5.** SAARC is facing an existential crisis. How do functionalists explain the failure of (20) SAARC as a regional organisation?
- Q. No. 6. How do rational theories of foreign policy explain state decision making? Discuss the (20) tenets of the theory in light of the decision made by Pakistan in response to Saudi request of sending troops during Yemen crisis in 2015.
- Q. No. 7. What benefits India might have gained by joining Missile Technology Control Regime (20) (MTCR)? Highlight possible impacts it may have upon strategic stability in South Asia.
- Q. No. 8. What are the major policy prescriptions of structural adjustment and stabilisation of the (20) World Bank and IMF vis-à-vis Pakistan?



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2018 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80
NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separ	ate Answer Book.	
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from	PART-II. ALL questi	ons carry EQUAL marks.
(iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question	n must be attempted at	one place instead of at different
places.	-	-

- (iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. Describe the evolutionary process through which International Relations acquired the (20) status of an academic discipline.
- **Q. No. 3.** What are the points of convergence and divergence in Neo-Realist and Constructivist (20) approaches to the study of state behaviour in contemporary international politics?
- Q. No. 4. What are the changing dimensions of security and how they vary from the classical (20) concept of international security?
- Q. No. 5. Define the concept of Strategic Culture and highlight the major determinants of (20) Pakistan's Strategic Culture.
- Q. No. 6. Explain the concept of Economics Liberalism and relate its core interests with the (20) concept of Neo-imperialism or creating Economic Dependency.
- Q. No. 7. Globalisation is a buzz word of present day International Economic and Social Order; (20) do you agree that it is transforming quickly the national cultures and politics?
- Q. No. 8. Describe the concept of Pre-Emptive Self-Defence in the context of International Law (20) and critically evaluate the legitimacy of US use of force against Iraq.



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2018 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-II

	OWED: THREE HOURS CQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80
NOTE: (i)	Part-II is to be attempted on the separ	ate Answer Book.	
(ii)	Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from	PART-II. ALL question	s carry EQUAL marks.
(iii)	All the parts (if any) of each Question	n must be attempted at or	ne place instead of at different
places.			
(iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.			
(v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.			
(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.			
<u>PART – II</u>			

- Q. No. 2. To what extent did the regime established in Russia by the Bolsheviks represent (20) it's revolutionary ideology for consumerism, political stability, law and order and social progress?
- Q. No. 3. Evaluate the strength and liabilities of "containment of world revolution policy" (20) during the cold war.
- Q. No. 4. The manner in which a nation's ideology dominates its foreign policy is constantly in confusion. Explore the relationship between capitalist democracy and foreign policy of United States of America. (20)
- Q. No. 5. An analysis of the anatomy of foreign policy is an essential pre-requisite to an understanding of the dynamics of International Relations. Analyse the central theme of Pakistan's foreign policy in the war against terrorism?
- Q. No. 6. One of the most serious dilemmas of the South-Asian politics is the contentious (20) relations between Pakistan and India. What measures would you consider for normalization between the two neighbours?
- Q. No. 7. Prepare a study in which you assess the possibility of settlement of the Kashmir (20) conflict such as in the case of East Timor or Bosnian crisis?
- Q. No. 8. The most compelling challenge facing Afghanistan today is, dealing with (20) Afghan Taliban. What do you think of a political engagement and accommodation between Afghan government and Taliban giving way to stability in the region?



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2017 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	PART-I (MCQS)	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 80

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.

- (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
- (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
- (iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. What are the essential differences between the liberal internationalist and realist (20) theories? In your opinion, why is realism the most dominant theory in the discipline of International Relations?
- **Q. No. 3.** The positivist and post-positivist debate offers a striking contrast in terms of approach (20) and methodology to the study of International Relations. Describe, compare and critically evaluate the divergence between the two debates. Are there any point of convergence?
- **Q. No. 4.** The nation-state system is in a flux with an independence referendum in Scotland and another projected for Catalonia in September 2017. Critically evaluate reasons as to why the modern nation-state in Europe faces internal challenges to its sovereignty and territorial integrity.
- **Q. No. 5.** The rise of China is being heralded as a return of 'balance of power' politics in (20) international relations. As the world moves towards multipolarity, account for the essential features of the international security architecture and its evolving dynamics.
- **Q. No. 6.** Define globalisation and its attendant manifestations in global politics. Do you agree (20) with the view that economic globalisation is a form of neo-imperialism which only stands to exploit the Third World states?
- **Q. No. 7.** Critically evaluate the strategically competitive dynamics of Pakistan-India relations in the context of Pakistan's growing ties with China and India's increased alignment with the United States.
- **Q. No. 8.** The non-state actor as a military competitor is gaining ground in the Middle East with the rise of ISIS. What strategies can the United Nations and major powers implement in order to ensure peace and security in Iraq and Syria.



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2017 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	PART-I (MCQS)	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20
PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 80

- **NOTE: (i) Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
 - (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
 - (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
 - (iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
 - (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
 - (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. Evaluate the significance of conflict between India and Pakistan in global (20) perspective of terrorism.
- Q. No. 3. Elaborate Systems Thinking Theory in view of Pakistan and Globalization. (20)
- Q. No. 4. Determine the factors in emergence of Neoliberal Institutionalism; highlight (20) your discussion with practices of International Financial Institutions and Pakistan.
- **Q. No. 5.** How can the energy Crisis of Pakistan be resolved? Emphasize your discussion (20) vis-a-vis China-Pakistan Economic Corridor.
- **Q. No. 6.** Evaluate the significance of water conflict between India and Pakistan in (20) perspective of Indus Water Treaty.
- Q. No. 7. Discuss "Nuclear Factor" as one of the major determinants of International (20) politics with reference to USA, India and Pakistan.
- **Q. No. 8.** Pakistan is one of the top 10 countries hit by global climate change trends: what (20) can be the ways and means to manage climate change trends?



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2016 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS PAPER-I

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURSPART-I(MCQS):MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80	
NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.			
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.			
(iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different			
places.			
(iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.			

- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must
- be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

- Q. No. 2. Examine the concept of National Power and its essential ingredients. (20)
- Q. No. 3. Point out the main goals of Foreign Policy of states and determine the factors which (20) influence its making and implementation.
- **Q. No. 4.** What is the significance of Security to states? How far do you agree that international (20) security has given way to global security in face of new challenges of Terrorism and Human Security?
- Q. No. 5. Define International Law and explain its Nature. Is it of significance to the (20) development of laws of war and their application?
- Q. No. 6. Is war a rational act of state policy? Explain in view of the wars fought in the 20th (20) century.
- Q. No. 7. Keeping in view the Charter assess the working of the United Nations in the new (20) millennium.
- Q. No. 8. Write notes on any TWO of the following: (10 each) (20) (a) Feminism
 - (b) Neo-liberalism
 - (c) Social Constructivism



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION - 2016 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS PART-I (MCQS) MAXIMUM MARKS = 20**MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES PART-II** MAXIMUM MARKS = 80 **PART-I(MCQS)**: NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks. (ii) (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places. (iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.

(vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

- **Q. No. 2.** Discuss the core causes of "Bolshevik Revolution" in Russia and explain its (20) fundamental political and socio-economic impact on the Western European politics.
- **Q. No. 3.** Critically analyze Samuel P. Huntington's concept of "Clash of Civilizations". Define (20) its main characteristics and explain its devastating consequences on the different leading civilizations of the nations.
- **Q. No. 4.** Discuss the moral imperatives of "Indian Foreign Policy" with the contending spirit of "Panchsheel" and evaluate how much it helps to strengthen diplomatic objectives of the country's foreign policy?
- Q. No. 5. Critically discuss main political, socio-economic and strategic hurdles between (20) "Afghanistan-Pakistan Relations" and how can both countries come out from the Cold War scenario?
- **Q. No. 6.** Discuss the "Moral Dimensions of Pakistan's Nuclear Programme". Explain its essential features and justify its offensive gesture which maintained the national and regional strategic balance. (20)
- Q. No. 7. Critically discuss the fundamental factors of "Greece Economic Crisis" which need (20) huge financial assistance from European Union and IMF as a debt relief to create "a breathing space" to stabilize economy and explain out-of-the-box solution for the crisis-ridden country.
- Q. No. 8. Pakistan has formally joined Saudi Arabia's led 34-state Islamic military alliance to contain terrorism and extremism in Southwest Asia. Critically discuss whether or not Pakistan participates in the newly formed military alliance against terrorism and explain its political, socio-cultural and strategic implications on the country.



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2015

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURSPART-I (MCQS)MAXIMUM MARKS = 20PART-I(MCQS):MAXIMUM 30 MINUTESPART-IIMAXIMUM MARKS = 80

NOTE: (i) **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.

- (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
- (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
- (iv) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

PART-II

Q. No. 2.	"A single catastrophic event "Nine Eleven", has turned the world topsy-turvy". Discuss.	(20)
Q. No. 3.	Visualise the post-Taliban scenario in Afghanistan and discuss its implications for Pakistan.	(20)
Q. No. 4.	Pakistan-China relations are historic and times tested, have devolved a momentum of their own and are continuing. Explain.	(20)
Q. No. 5.	The phenomenon of terrorism has occupied centre stage in today's world. Highlight the difference between terrorism and freedom struggle. Discuss the issue of terrorism in backdrop of what is happening in Palestine, Afghanistan and Kashmir.	(20)
Q. No. 6.	"In her foreign policy and trade, Pakistan has never benefitted fully from the ideal Geostrategic location". Discuss.	(20)
Q. No. 7.	Discuss the economic and strategic importance of Gawadar port for Pakistan and for the region.	(20)
Q. No. 8.	Write short notes on any TWO of the following: (10 each) ((20)
	(a) Terminology of AF-PAK	
	(b) E.C.O.	
	(c) O.I.C.	



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2014 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Roll Number

TIME ALL	OWED:	(PART-I MCQs)	30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS: 20
THREE HO	OURS	(PART-II)	2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS: 80
NOTE:(i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.				
(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.				
(iii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.				
(iv) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must				
be crossed.				
(v) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.				
PART-II				

- **Q. No. 2.** Discuss evolution and development of the discipline of International Relations; define (20) the dominant factors responsible for and explain their role in the post-cold war era.
- Q. No. 3. Explain the concept of Balance of Power in international relations and evaluate its (20) relevance after the demise of Soviet Russia.
- **Q. No. 4.** Critically evaluate the joining of Western Alliances (SEATO & CENTO) by Pakistan (20) and explain its political, economic and strategic consequences for the state's policy.
- **Q. No. 5.** Do you believe that Diplomacy is the ultimate way to resolve international disputes? (20) What diplomatic means are significant to realize that goal in general and Pakistan-India in particular?
- Q. No. 6. Define the term Globalization. Do you believe its prospects are threatened because of the current economic crises in general and third world economies in particular?
- Q. No. 7. Do you support the argument that Iran-US nuclear deal will bring a new wave of (20) instability in the region and can also cause serious implications for global non-proliferation regime?
- Q. No. 8. Do you agree that the post-Cold War international scenario has generated more (20) constraints than opportunities for Pakistan's foreign policy? If so, what are those? Suggest measures enabling Pakistan to face the 'new challenges'.

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013

Roll	Nu	m	b	e	r
ROIL	INU	111	U	e	I

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONAS

A Carlos									
e TALLOWED:		-I MCQs		NUTES				UM MARKS: 2	
EHOURS	(PART			RS & 30 MIN				UM MARKS: 8	30
			CQs) on sep	barate OMR A	nswer S	heet which	n shall	be taken back	
	minutes		e ontione/a	nswers will no	t he giv	on crodit			
(ii) Overwi	iting/cu	tung of th	ie options/a		n be giv	ch ci cuit.			
		PART	-I ((MCQs	s) (COMPU	LSOR	<u>Y)</u>			
Select the best	option/a	nswer and	fill in the ap	propriate Circl	le 🎯 on t	he OMR	Answe	er Sheet. (20x1=	20)
Answers given	anywhe	re, other th	han OMR Ar	nswer Sheet, sh	hall not b	e consider	ed.		
Theory of Intern					*7	1		a 1 b 1	
(1) John Mearsh		(b) F	Ians Morgen	ithau (c)	Kenne	th Waltz	(d)	Stephen Walt	
(e) None of these		1.0		c					
League of Nation			-			T			
(a) Versailles		Westpha	. ,	Schengen	(d)	Locarno	(e)	None of these	
Yalta Conference		•		1045		1046			
(a) 1943		1944	(c)	1945	(d)	1946	(e) 1	None of these	
NATO stands for			·		T (0			
				North Africa		-			
(c) North Atlant		Organizati	ion (a)	North Atlant	ic Treaty	Organiza	tion		
(e) None of thes			the years						
Pakistan became	•			1056		1057		T C.1	
a) 1954 erestroika and G		1955	()	1956	(a)	1957	(e) r	None of these	
) Ronald Reag			likhail Gorb			Coorea D	uch		
) Boris Yeltsin			one of these		(c)	George B	usn		
,				d to sanctions u	inder				
) Pressler Ame			ymington A			Glenn An	andm	ant	
) Kerry-Lugar			one of these		(0)		ichum	ent	
PT came into ef			one or mese						
) 1967		1968	(c)	1970	(d)	1971	(e)	None of these	
arsaw is the cap	``	1900	(•)	1570	(4)	1771	(0)	None of these	
Czechosloval		Poland	(c)	Romania	(d)	Ukraine	(e)	None of these	
e headquarter o					(4)	CMunic		None of these	
Vienna		Geneva		Brussels	(b)	New York	(e)	None of these	
e Bandung Con					(4)		. (0)	Tone of these	
23 Countries		26 Count		29 Countries	(b)	32 Countr	ies (e)	None of these	
sing of tension					()				
Deterrence		Entente		Détente	(d)	Containm	ent (e)	None of these	
				was written by:			(•)		
Trotsky	-	Stalin		Lenin		Marx	(e)	None of these	
-									

INTERNATION GONTEA TENDS AS

14.	The island of Diego Garci	a is situated in:						0
	(a) Indian Ocean (b)	Pacific Ocean	(c)	Atlantic Ocean	(d)	Arctic Oce	an (e) None of
15.	The Iran-Iraq war lasted for	or:						
	(a) 5 Years (b)	6 Years	(c)	7 Years	(d)	8 Years	(e)	None of
16.	The treaty signed in 1991	for the reduction	of str	ategic weapons w	as:			
	(a) SALT (b)	INF	(c)	START	(d)	CTBT	(e)	None of
17.	The absence of centralized	authority at the i	ntern	ational level is ca	lled:			
	(a) Hierarchy (b)	Anarchy	(c)	Unipolarity	(d)	Bipolarity	(e)	None of
18.	To frighten one's enemy in	nto in-action is ca	lled:					i hit
	(a) Security Dilemma	(b) Détente	(c)	Deterrence	(d)	Anarchy	(e)	None of
19.	Balfour Declaration was si	gned in the year:						
	(a) 1917 (b)	1947	(c)	1967	(d)	1979	(e)	None of
20.	The famous diplomat of Pa	kistan, who also	rema	ined the Presiden	t of Ir	iternational	Court	of Justia
	(a) Zafarullah Khan	(b) A	gha S	Shahi (c) Z	ulfiqa	r Ali Bhutto)	
	(d) Sahibzada Yaqub Kha	un (e) No	one o	f these				

PART-II

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
(ii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Papa (iii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II, ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

- Q.2. Critically discuss the concept of Balance of Power in the light of Hans Morgenthau's thought?
- Q.3. Evaluate the general view of the peace of Westphalia as the founding moment of modern state system? Do you think this system is challenged in the contemporary world?
- Q.4. In what ways was the Versailles treaty a contributory factor to European political instability in the period 1919-39?
- Q.5. Elucidate the impact of World War II on the decolonization process in Asia?
- Q.6. Describe the efforts of African National Congress against the Apartheid Regime of South Africa?
- Q.7. Carry out a comparative analysis of the US Foreign Policy towards South Asia during and after the Cold War?
- Q.8. Is Globalization under threat because of the world economic crises?

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2012

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALL	OWED:	(PART-I MCQs)	30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS: 20
THREE HO	URS	(PART-II)	2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS: 80
NOTE: (i)	Candidate	must write Q. No. in	the Answer Book in accordance	with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
(ii)	Attempt C	NLY FOUR question	ns. ALL questions carry EQUA	L marks.
(iii)	Extra atter	mpt of any question of	r any part of the attempted questi	on will not be considered.

PART-II

Q. 2.	Discuss the development of the study of "International Relations" and define its core influential factors and explain its role in the post Cold War era.	(20)
Q. 3.	Discuss "Diplomacy" and define its kinds. Explain diplomatic means which can help to resolve disputes and conflicts in the world.	(20)
Q. 4.	Define "Economics as an Instrument in Foreign Policy" and explain its fundamental characteristics which can help to achieve state's objectives.	(20)
Q. 5.	Critically discuss "Pakistan's participation in SEATO and CENTO" and explain political, strategic and economic causes and define its potential disadvantages for the country's foreign policy and diplomacy.	(20)
Q. 6.	Discuss "Nationalism" and define its salient features in the post Cold War situation and explain its grave consequences with reference to Eastern Europe, African continent and South Asian tragic incidents. Also debate whether the UN and superpowers played any role in preventing bloodbath in these regions.	(20)
Q. 7.	Discuss the strategic importance of "Indian Ocean" in the post Cold War scenario and analyze the role of the United States and China in the region. Also identify vital political, economic and strategic interests of both great powers in the contemporary geopolitical situation.	(20)
Q. 8.	Critically define "American interests in Afghanistan" and explain its political and strategic failure in the region and its unnecessary pressure on Pakistan to "do more" which can destabilize the regional scenario rather than stabilizing the situation. Also discuss the serious impact of American war on terror on Pakistan's state, society and system.	(20)

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2011

Roll	Number

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

		LLOWED:	`	-I MCQs)	30 MINU						ARKS: 20
		HOURS	(PART			S & 30 MIN					ARKS: 80
NUI	Г Е : (і	minutes		ARI-I (MCC	(s) on separ	ate Answer S	sneet white	in shall be	taken	Dack	alter 50
	(ii			itting of the	options/ans	wers will not	t be giver	credit.			
		/	0								
				<u>(PAR</u>]	Γ-I MCQs)	(COMPULS	<u>ORY)</u>				
Q.1.	Se	lect the best	option/a	nswer and fil	l in the app	ropriate box	on the A	nswer She	eet.	(1)	x 20=20)
(i)	The	author of the	book "T	The End of H	istory and th	ne Last Man"	is:				
		Fukuyama	(b)	Huntingtor	•	Kissinger	(d)	Christine	Faire	(e)	None of these
(ii)	The	author of the	book "T	Wenty Years	s Crisis" is:	-				. ,	
	(a)	Rosenau	(b)	Harold J L	aski (c)	E. H. Carr	(d)	John De	wey	(e)	None of these
(iii)	Bala	nce of power	r is based	d on:							
	(a)	Realist Para	digm		(b)	Liberal Para	adigm				
	(c)	Marxist Para	adigm		(d)	Post Moder	nism			(e)	None of these
(iv)	Emn	nanuel Kant	and John	Locke provi	ides the phil	osophical bas	sis for:				
	(a)	Realism (b) Lib	eralism (c)	Post Mod	ernism (d)	Behavio	ouralism		(e)	None of these
(v)	Pre	Emptive Stril	ke Doctr	ine confers u	pon states th	ne:					
	(a)	Right to attac	k any pot	ential threat to	o its security	(b)	Right to	attack whe	n they a	are act	ually attacked
	(c)	The respons	ibility to	intervene in	the domesti	c affairs of ot	her states	for human	nitariar	n prote	ection
	(d)	Duty to resp	ond to th	e calls of UN	N. (e)	None of the	ese				
(vi)	Mod	lern State Sys	stem is b	elieved to ha	ve started w	rith:					
	(a)	End of Seco	nd Worle	d War	(b)	Versailles 7	Freaty				
	(c)	End of Cold	War		(d)	Peace of W	estphalia		(e)	Non	e of these
(vii)	The	1979 summi	t meeting	g which led to	o peace betv	veen Egypt ar	nd Israel v	vas held at	t:		
	(a)	Camp X-Ra	y (b)	Camp Rog	er (c)	Camp New Y	York (d) Camp	David	(e)	None of these
viii)	Apa	rtheid was a	policy of	the:							
	(a)	State of Isra	el		(b)	State of We	est Africa				
	(c)	State of Sou	th Africa	l	(d)	State of No.	rth Africa	Ļ	(e)	Non	e of these
(ix)	Paki	stan joined N	IAM in:								
	(a)	1955	(b)	1978	(c)	1988	(d) 1985	(e)	Non	e of these
(x)	In Pa	akistan:									
	(a)	All treaties n	nust be r	atified by Se	nate to beco	me binding					
	(b)	The governm	nent can	bind Pakista	n to any trea	ty without in	forming t	he Parlian	nent		
	(c)	Constitution	requires	referendum	on each trea	ty before it b	ecomes b	inding			
	(d)	All provinci	al goveri	nments must	also agree w	with the federa	al governi	nent befor	e a trea	aty be	comes
	(u)	binding	-								
		binding None of thes	-								
(xi)	(e)	e	se								
xi)	(e) SAA	None of thes	se Iblished i		(c)	1990	(d) 1998		(e)	None of thes
	(e) SAA (a)	None of thes ARC was esta 1993	se blished i (b)	n: 1985		1990 erations in Ar	`	/		(e)	None of these

NATIONAL DELATIONS

	RNATIONAL RELATIONS						
(a)		aneous	popular uprising of	the Pa	lestinians	s beginnir	g in the late 198
(u) (c)	Palestinian relations with Jordan (d)		popular uprising o			-	-
(e)	None of these	1 HC	populai aprising o	1 1110	nuo pec		emocracy
. ,	rough Balfour Declaration 1917:						
(a)	USA announced its support for creation	of Isr	ael				
(b)	Britain announced its support for creation			ne			
(c)	Britain announced its commitment to the		-		the Midd	lle East	
(d)	Soviet Union announced its support for			(e)	None c		
	e current row between US and Iran is abou			(•)	1,0110		
(a)	Iran's system of Education	(b)	Iran's Democracy	v			
(c)	Iran's Nuclear Program	(d)	Iran's relations wit		istan	(e)]	None of these
	rry Lugar Bill is about:						
(a)	Aid specifically to Pakistani flood victin	ns		(b)	Aid to	Pakistan	
(c)	Aid to Pakistan Army	(d)	Aid to Muslim co			(e)	None of these
(xvii) Ind	o-Chinese war occurred in:						
(a)	1965 (b) 1962	(c)	1971	(d)	1948	(e)	None of these
kviii) Ho	Chi Minh was:						
(a)	Leader of Vietnam	(b)	Leader of Laos				
(c)	Leader of Thailand	(d)	Leader of Japan	(e)	None c	of these	
(xix) Mis	ssile crisis of 1962 was between:						
(a)	USA, USSR and Cuba	(b)	USA, USSR and	Arge	ntine		
(c)	USA, USSR and Egypt	(d)	USA, USSR and	Iran		(e)	None of these
(xx) Nev	w International Economic Order:						
(a)	is Economic System structured after the	end c	of Cold War.				
(b)	was the demand of the rich countries to	chang	e the International	Econ	omic Sy	stem.	
(c)	was the demand of the Global South to r	estruc	cture the Internatio	nal E	conomic	System.	
(d)	is the International Economic System ba	ised o	n technological rev	oluti	on. (e	e) Non	e of these
		<u>PAF</u>	RT-II				
•	 i) PART-II is to be attempted on separation ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions iii) Extra attempt of any question or any 	from	PART-II. All que		•	-	

Q.2.	Define International Relations. Identify and explain its continuously changing and expanding nature and subject matter.	(20)
Q.3.	Define and explain the nature of International Law. Does International Law have any real role in International Relations?	(20)
Q.4.	Discuss and explain the causes of World War II. Could a different policy by Britain, France and USA have avoided its occurrence?	(20)
Q.5.	Discuss the significance and increasing role of International society in the classically sovereign domains of State with reference to United Nations. Also debate whether the UN in its present structure and status can play the increased role expected of it.	(20)

- Q.6. Identify the main arguments of the Realism and Liberalism in IR. Which approach appeals to you as a better explaining IR and why? Discuss with empirical evidence. (20)
- Q.7. Discuss and analyse the role of Soviet Union during the Cold War. Was it a stabilizing or destabilizing factor in International Relations? Elaborate your answer with reference to theory and facts. (20)
- Q.8. Explain why, despite being target of terrorism, Pakistan's international allies often publicly express dissatisfaction with Pakistan's counter terrorism policy and actions? Is this a failure of Pakistani diplomacy or weakness in its policy? Identify the fault and suggest corrective measures, if required. (20)******

ALL RANK) FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE CON COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIO RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS THE FEDERAL GOVERNMEN	N FOR 5-17 UN T, 2010	NDER		Roll Number
	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONAL RELATION	<u>ONS</u>			
FIME A	LLOWED: (PART-I) 30 MINUTES (PART-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINU	UTES			MARKS:20 MARKS:80
NOTE	 (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on separate A after 30 minutes. (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answer 				taken back
	<u>PART – I (MC</u>				
).1.	<u>(COMPULSO</u> Select the best option/answer and fill in the appr		a hay on the Ar	GWOR (Sheet. (20)
(i)	UNO was formed in:	opriac	e box on the Al		Sheet. (20)
(1)	(a) 1944 (b) 1945	(c)	1946	(d)	None of these
(ii)	The cold war between USA and USSR started in:		1046	(1)	
(;;;)	(a) 1942 (b) 1945 Peaceful Co-existence between USA and USSR wa	(c)	1946 tod by:	(d)	None of these
(iii)	(a) Stalin (b) Brezhnev	(c)	Khruschev	(d)	None of these
(iv)	Détente between USA and USSR was started between			(-)	
()	(a) 1959-69 (b) 1969-79	(c)	1980-90	(d)	None of these
(v)	Perestroika was started by: (a) Brezhnev (b) Podgorny	(c)	Gorbachev	(d)	None of these
(vi)	The 'Taliban' came to power in Afghanistan in:	(0)	Gorbaenev	(u)	
	(a) 1990 (b) 1992	(c)	1996	(d)	None of these
(vii)	Ismail Hania is:	(1)		•	
	(a) President of Palestine(c) Leader of Hamas	(b) (d)	Lebanese Min None of these	ister	
(viii)	Natan yahu is:	(u)	i tone of these		
	(a) President of Taiwan	(b)	Defence Minis	ster of	China
(in)	(c) Prime Minister of Israil	(d)	None of these		
(ix)	USSR was disintegrated in: (a) 1989 (b) 1990	(c)	1991	(d)	None of these
(x)	Theory and practice of International Relations was			(4)	
	(a) Padelford and Lincoln	(b)	Palmer and Pe	rkins	
(wi)	(c) Hans J. Mogonthau Kim El Jang ig:	(d)	None of these		
(xi)	Kim El Jong is: (a) President of South Korea	(b)	Foreign Minis	ter of F	Burma
	(c) President of North Korea	(d)	None of these		
(xii)	Aviar Solana is:				
	(a) Foreign Minister of Spain(c) Foreign Policy Adviser of European Union	(b) (d)	President of N None of these	amibia	l
(xiii)	Ronald Reagan an Actor became president of:	(u)	None of these		
()	(a) Mexico (b) USA	(c)	France	(d)	None of these
(xiv)	NPT was signed in:	()	10-0		
(xv)	(a) 1966 (b) 1968 CTBT was signed in:	(c)	1970	(d)	None of these
(1)	(a) 1990 (b) 1944	(c)	1995	(d)	None of these
(xvi)	People's Republic of China came into being in:				
(···)	(a) 1947 (b) 1948	(c)	1949	(d)	None of these
(xvii)	WTO was formed in: (a) 1990 (b) 1993	(c)	1995	(d)	None of these
(xviii)	Cuban Missile Crisis took place in:			(4)	
	(a) 1960 (b) 1961	(c)	1962	(d)	None of these
(xix)	NATO was signed in: (a) 1045 (b) 1048	(a)	1040	(A)	None of the
(xx)	(a) 1945 (b) 1948 UN Secretary General Ban Qi Moon is from:	(c)	1949	(d)	None of these
()	(a) Burma (b) Mauritius	(c)	South Korea	(d)	None of these
				~ /	

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

PART – II

NOTE: (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks. (iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.
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- Q.2. 'Can you imagine a world without Inter-State Relations'? Explain the importance of International Relations in the Nuclear Age. (20)
- Q.3. Describe the basic features of the Modern Nation State. What are the dangers to its future? (20)
- Q.4. Define Balance of Terror. How far it has succeeded in preventing a major war in the world? (20)
- **Q.5.** Explain the Socio-Economic and Political Compulsions which led to the formation of Regional Blocs.
- Q.6. "After the downfall of Colonialism. The Western Powers have embarked upon a new policy of "Economic Imperialism" through IMF, World Bank, Multi-Nationals and WTO". Do you agree? Substantiate.(20)
- Q.7. "The Kashmir Problem has been mishandled from the beginning and every successive Government in Pakistan has contributed to that". Critically explain the statement. (20)
- **Q.8.** "The Al-Qaeeda phobia has made USA a neurotic Super Power. She is disregarding the norms of International Law and Diplomacy". Make your comments by a brief survey of US Global Policy.(20)

(20)

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS										
ALL PROVIDED AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	COMPI	ETITIVE IENT TO	SERVICE CO EXAMINATI POSTS IN B GOVERNME	ON FOR PS-17 UN	S No					
	<u>INT</u>	ERNATIO	DNAL RELAT	TIONS	R.No.					
TIME ALLOWED (PART-I) 30 MINUTES MAXIMUM MARKS:20										
TIME ALLOWED:(I ART-I)30 WINOTESMAXIMUM MARKS.20(PART-II)2 HOURS & 30 MINUTESMAXIMUM MARKS.80										
NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back										
after 30 minutes.										
(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.										
		-	<u>PART – I (N</u>							
Q.1.	Select the best option/a		<u>COMPULS</u> d fill in the an		box on the Ans	wer S	heet. (20)			
(i)	Sarah Polin is the gover		a ini in the up	propriace			(10)			
	(a) New York	(b) Al		(c)	Illinois	(d)	None of these			
(ii)	President de Gaulle with (a) 1966		nce from NAT(50) in: (c)	1962	(d)	None of these			
(iii)	Pearl Harbar, USA, nav									
()	(a) Germany	· · ·	pan South' consist	(c)	Cuba	(d)	None of these			
(iv)	According to Brandt Re (a) Third World Coun			(c)	China	(d)	None of these			
(v)	In 1933 Hitler singed an									
(vi)	(a) Brandeus The current president of	()	oncordat	(c)	Peace Pact	(d)	None of these			
(11)	(a) Vladimir Putin	(b) Ni	colos Sarkozy	(c) Dn	nitry Medvedev	(d)	None of these			
(vii)	North Korea invaded Sc (a) 1948	uth Korea (b) 19		(c)	1959	(d)	None of these			
(viii)	(a) 1948 Indian Congress came in						None of these			
	(a) 2000	(b) 20	04	(c)	2006	(d)	None of these			
(ix)	The UN Charter in 1945 (a) New York		n up in: n Francisco	(c)	Washington	(d)	None of these			
(x)	Owen young, who gave	the young	plan was:		-					
	(a) an American Bank(c) British Ambassado		(b) (d)	German None of	President					
(xi)	Windock is the capital o		(u)		litese					
(vii)	(a) Ziganda CENTO was dissolved i		amiba	(c)	Luxmbourg	(d)	None of these			
(xii)	(a) 1979	n. (b) 19	81	(c)	1998	(d)	None of these			
(xiii)	The First Hague Confer		neld in:							
	(a) 1890		07	(c)	1914	(d)	None of these			
(xiv)	NPT is not signed by: (a) China	(b) Isi	ael	(c)	Russia	(d)	None of these			
(xv)	Afghanistan has vice pro	esidents:								
(xvi)	(a) 1 Current Foreign Secreta	(b) 2 ry of Paki	stan is:	(c)	None	(d)	None of these			
	(a) Shah Mahmood Q	•	(b) Salman Bas	shir (c)	Sherry Rehman	(d)	None of these			
(xvii)	ASEAN Summit 2008 to	-			D1.:1:	(1)	N			
(xviii)	(a) Bangkok Faroe Island is:	(b) M	alaysia	(c)	Philippines	(d)	None of these			
	(a) a Scandinavion Sta		(b)		s birth place					
(xix)	(c) an American Priso Ronald Regan was a pre		(d)	None of	these					
(AIA)	(a) Republican		emocrats	(c)	Both	(d)	None of these			
(xx)	"Politics among Nations	" was wri		Covin D	avd					
	(a) K.J. Holsti(c) Hans. J. Margenth	an	(b) (d)	Gavin B None of	5					
			()							

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

<u>PART – II</u>

NOT	TE: (i) (ii) (iii)) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL mark	
Q.2.		e and discuss the concept of Nation – State and evaluate its future in the light of certain evelopments.	(20
Q.3.	Discuss	the importance of International Relations as a field of study.	(20
Q.4.	Criticall World P	ly discuss the origin and developments of the cold war and its consequences on Politics.	(20
Q.5.		nics realities compelled the members of the Developing World to demand establishment of New International Economic Order. Give your comment.	(20
Q.6.		ctors were responsible for the Creation of the WARSAW and NATO Pacts. TO's continuing existence be justified.	(20
Q.7.	Criticall	ly evaluate American Foreign Policy towards Pakistan.	(20
Q.8.		Nuclear Proliferation? How for the United States of America is justified in making ar deal with India.	(20



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2008

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: (PART-I)......30 MINUTES......MAXIMUM MARKS:20 (PART-II)......2 Hours & 30 Minutes......MAXIMUM MARKS:80

NOTE:

(i) First attempt Part-I (MCQ) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 Minutes.

(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.

PART-I (MCQ) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20)

i. International Relations during 1648—1945 were characterized by:

- a. Bi-polar system
- b. Multi-polar system
- c. Uni-polar system
- d. None of these
- ii. French revolution occurred in:
- a. 1787
- b. 1789
- c. 1798
- d. None of these

iii. World population was one billion in:

- a. 1800
- b. 1803
- c. 1850
- d. None of these



- iv. Versailles Peace Conference was held in:
- a. 1918
- b. 1919
- c. 1920
- d. None of these
- v. Germany invaded Poland in:
- a. 1938
- b. 1939
- c. 1940
- d. None of these
- vi. Bretton Woods Conference was concluded in:
- a. July 1944
- b. August 1944
- c. September 1944
- d. None of these

vii. ECOSOC has been established under chapter_____of the UN charter:

- a. V
- b. VII
- c. X
- d. None of these

viii. The UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim belonged to:

- a. Austria
- b. Poland
- c. Belgium
- d. None of these

ix. "Politics among Nations" was written by:

- a. K.J.Holstai
- b. Hans Morgenthau
- c. Frederick Hartman
- d. None of these



- x. United Arab Emirates is a federation of:
- a. 5 Emirates
- b. 6 Emirates
- c. 7 Emirates
- d. None of these

xi. The ICJ is located at:

- a. Washington
- b. Geneva
- c. The Hague
- d. None of these

xii. Cuban Missiles Crisis occurred during:

- a. 1958
- b. 1960
- c. 1962
- d. None of these

xiii. German reunification occurred in:

- a. 1990
- b. 1991
- c. 1992
- d. None of these

xiv. The WTO began in:

- a. 1993
- b. 1994
- c. 1995
- d. None of these

xv. Switzerland joined the UN during:

- a. 2000
- b. 2001
- c. 2002
- d. None of these

xvi. OIC is an organization of:



- a. 48 states
- b. 57 states
- c. 60 states
- d. None of these

xvii. African Development Bank was established in:

- a. 1962
- b. 1964
- c. 1969
- d. None of these

xviii. Black Sea Economic Cooperation Zone consists of _____ members:

- a. 11
- b. 12
- c. 13
- d. None of these

xix. The author of famous book, "Nuclear Weapons and Foreign Policy" is:

- a. Gerald Ford
- b. Henry Kissinger
- c. Ronald Reagan
- d. None of these

xx. Mauritius and Seychelles are located in _____ ocean:

- a. Pacific
- b. Western Indian
- c. Mediterranean
- d. None of these



PART-II

NOTE:

- (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
- (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry equal marks.
- (iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

Q.2. The emergency of sovereign state as a primary actor was just the beginning of the evolution of modern International System. Assess the pace of change in International Relations from 1815 to 1914. (20)

Q.3. War and Peace are conflicting values of International Politics. A state cannot encourage one without sacrificing other. Describe three means of peace and security in nuclear age. (20)

Q. 4. "Development of International Law and Organization are the efforts of all states to make International System less anarchic". Elucidate the statement. (20)

Q.5. How can a Nation state best protect her interest and identity in a transitional World Order? (20)

Q.6. Since South Asia has been dominated by the antagonism between India and Pakistan, what impact do nuclear weapons have on the balance of power in the region. (20)

Q.7. Terrorism has compelled every one to think, "No one can be trusted and every one is to be feared." Discuss an appropriate response to Domestic and International terrorism. (20)

Q.8. How effective the UN in dealing with global problems. What will the International System look like in the year 2050? (20)



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS – 17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2007.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS:100

NOTE: (i) Attempt FIVE questions in all including question No. 8 which is compulsory. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

(ii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered

1. "Europeans transformed Westphalian System of States into empires during 16th, 17th and 18th centuries to increase their Wealth and Power." Elucidate the statement.

2. Describe interactions among Nations through diplomacy for establishing balance of power to preserve their National Interest.

3. Comparatively analyze the basic philosophy of International Relations, "Peace and Security" has been challenged by the emerging "Economic Regionalism and Military Technologies".

4. How do you perceive US military engagement in Afghanistan and Iraq and its implications in near future?

5. The two great wars had dismantled colonialism and created Third World and Non-Alignment Movement. How did the UN justify its role in the World Affaris.

6. Discuss the role of Nuclear Diplomacy in South Asia with particular reference to, "US Indian Nuclear deal has activated Indo-Russian Nuclear Cooperation".

7. The post Cold War, World Order promised Peace, Security, Democracy, Nuclear Nonproliferation and Human Rights protection. Assess its repercussions at present confronted by the world community in the context of Terrorism, Nuclear Proliferation, Globalization and erosion of Human Dignity.



COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1) The Great Britain and Russia agreed to make Afghanistan a buffer state between their empires in:

- (a) 1879
- (b) 1897
- (c) 1869
- (d) None of these

(2) Amnesty International was established in London by the British Lawyer, Peter Benenson in:

- (a) 1961
- (b) 1951
- (c) 1971
- (d) None of these

(3) The ANZUS Treaty between Australia, New Zealand and United States was signed in:

- (a) 1951
- (b) 1945
- (c) 1950
- (d) None of these
- (4) The Treaty of Versailles settled peace in:

(a) Europe

- (b) Middle East
- (c) Africa
- (d) None of these

(5) The Commonwealth of independent states was established in:

- (a) 1991
- (b) 1990
- (c) 1989
- (d) None of these

(6) International Monetary Fund was formed after Bretton Woods Conference in:

- (a) 1944
- (b) 1943
- (c) 1945



(d) None of these

- (7) "Issues in Global Politics" was written by:
- (a) E. H. Corr
- (b) Gavin Boyed
- (c) James N Rosenau
- (d) None of these
- (8) South West Asia is popularly known as:
- (a) Near East
- (b) Middle East
- (c) Arab World
- (d) None of these

(9) NATO was organized in:

- (a) 1948
- (b) 1949
- (c) 1950
- (d) None of these

(10) Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) was established in:

- (a) 1960
- (b) 1968
- (c) 1970
- (d) None of these

(11) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation consists of:

- (a) 7 states
- (b) 8 states
- (c) 5 states
- (d) None of these

(12) Suez crises between Egypt, France, Britain, Israel began in:

- (a) 1956
- (b) 1955
- (c) 1954
- (d) None of these



- (13) The International court of Justice was constituted on:
- (a) 26th June 1945
- (b) 21th June 1946
- (c) 23th June 1948
- (d) None of these
- (14) The Charter of United Nations consists of:
- (a) 108 articles
- (b) 101 articles
- (c) 111 articles
- (d) None of these

(15) The British Secretary of Foreign Affairs A. Balfour announced British support to establish Jewish state in Palestine in:

- (a) November 1917
- (b) October 1916
- (c) December 1918
- (d) None of these

(16) To cripple British Communication with India, Napoleon organized military expedition to Egypt in:

- (a) 1798
- (b) 1789
- (c) 1898
- (d) None of these

(17) LAIA stands for:

- (a) Latin America Integration Association
- (b) Latin America Information Agency
- (c) Latin America Investment Association
- (d) None of these

(18) Arab League was established on:

- (a) 22nd March 1945
- (b) 22nd April 1945
- (c) 22nd February, 1945
- (d) None of these



- (19) The Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT-I) was signed in:
- (a) 1972
- (b) 1971
- (c) 1974
- (d) None of these

(20) The headquarter of Asian Development Bank (ADB) is located in:

- (a) Bangkok
- (b) Manila
- (c) Singapore
- (d) None of these



International Relations Year: 2006

Q.1. Explain, with examples, the main principles of the NEO-REALIST SCHOOL OF THOUGHT in International Relations. How does Neo-Realism differ from Classical Realism?

Q.2. Explain, with examples, the main principles of the NEO-LIBERAL SCHOOL OF THOUGHT in International Relations. How does Neo-Liberalism differ from Classical Liberalism/Idealism?

Q.3. What are the main problems in defining 'terrorism'? Also narrate the implications of the "War on Terrorism" for International Law.

Q.4. Explain the impact of India-Pakistan nuclearisation on strategic stability in South Asia.

Q.5. How does domestic politics influence foreign policy decision making? Explain with reference to Pakistan's policy towards India.

Q.6. write a critical analysis of the theory of 'Clash of Civilizations'. What are the prospects of a dialogue among Civilizations?

Q.7. What are the principal challenges and potential opportunities for economic liberalization and democratization in the Muslim world?

COMPULSARY QUESTION

Q.8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1) An organization whose members are from national governments is a:

- (a) Nongovernmental Organization (NGO)
- (b) Intergovernmental Organization (IGO)
- (c) World wide Transnational Organization (WTO)
- (d) Non of these

(2) "The national interest is defined as the acquisition of power". The speaker is a:



(a) Pluralist (b) idealist (c) structuralist (d) Non of these

(3) Neoliberals:

(a) stress the importance of international institutions in reducing conflict in the international system.

- (b) are pessimistic above international operations.
- (c) agree with realists that are unitary actors.
- (d) both (a) and (c)
- (e) Non of these
- (4) The military industrial complex consists of:
- (a) the military, defense contractors and research institutes.
- (b) the military, defense contractors, and the executive branch.
- (c) the army, the navy and the air-force.
- (d) Non of these.
- (5) Territorial waters traditionally are recognized to extend how far from a state's coastline?
- (a) 3 miles (b) 10 miles (c) 12 miles (d) Non of these
- (6) A state's executive economic zone (EEZ) is recognized to extend how far from the coastline?
- (a) 3 miles (b) 10 miles (c) 12 miles (d) Non of these
- (7) States can exclude others from entering which the following?
- (a) 12 miles limit from coastline (b) airspace (c) orbital space
- (d) Both (a) and (b) (e) Non of these
- (8) Weapons of mass destruction include:
- (a) nuclear, chemical and biological weapons
- (b) nuclear, conventional and biological weapons
- (c) chemical, ballistic and biological weapons
- (d) Non of these



(9) Strategic weapons are:

(a) short-range weapons (b) intermediate range of weapons (c) long-range weapons (d) Non of these

(10) The Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) attempts to prevent:

(a) the spread of missile technology (b) the spread of missile weapons

(c) the spread of biological weapons (d) Non of these

(11) Which of the following is a principle stated in the UN Charter?

(a) states are equal under international law

(b) states have full sovereignty over their own affairs

(c) states should have full independence and territorial integrity

(d) all of above (e) Non of these

(12) A just war:

(a) can be waged to change another state's government, if it is violating human rights.

(b) can be waged for ethnic or religious reasons

(c) can be waged only in response to aggression

(d) non of these

(13) "Sustainable" economic development means:

(a) development that can be sustained over a period of decades

(b) development that is supported by the domestic economy and does not involve international trade.

(c) development that does not deplete resources and destroy ecosystems so quickly that the basis of development itself is undermined.

(d) Non of these

(14) Which of the following is the greenhouse gas that accounts for most of global warming?

(a) carbon dioxide (b) methane (c) chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) (d) non of these

(15) Which of the following is the major contributor to the destruction of ozone layer?



(a) carbon dioxide (b) methane (c) chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) (d) non of these

(16) Privatization is:

(a) the concentration of wealth in private hands.

(b) the sale of state-owned industries

(c) a key feature of socialism

(d) Non of these

(17) Neocolonialism is:

(a) the transfer of a colony from one colonial power to another

(b) the new round of colonization of Africa after Latin America gained independence

(c) colonization which took place in the nineteenth century rather than eighteenth

(d) Non of these

(18) Who is responsible for the economic reforms that have been take place in China since the mid- 1970s?

(a) Mao Zedong (b) Jiang Zemin (c) Deng Xiaoping (d) Non of these

(19) Ante-governmental protests in China by students, workers and some government officials took place:

(a) Tiananmen Square, in 1989 (b) Tiananmen Square, in 1992

(c) Shenzhen, in 1989 (d) Non of these

(20) A nation is:

(a) territorial entity controlled by a government and inhabitant by a population

(b) group of people who share characteristics such as language and culture

(c) set of relationships among the world's states.

(d) Non of theses

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECEIPTMENT IS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2001.

INTERNATIONAL RELATION

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE:

1.

7.

8.

Attempt FIVE questions in all, including question No.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

International Relations is a Separate discipline. Discuss.

2. Critically evaluate American Foreign Policy towards Afghanistan.

3. "Balance of terror and not of Power is helpful in maintaining Peace in the nuclear Power age". Comment.

4. International Law is a significant instrument in regulating the conduct of states and International Organizations. Discuss.

Explain the future of Disarmament with reference to the foreign policy of major 6. Powers.

Writenotes on any TWO of the following:

(a) Limited War (c) SEATO

(b) (d)

International Law and International morality Palestine Problem

SS.COM.PK

COMPULSORY QUESTION

Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the questions.

(1)	Who (a) (c)	participated in the Yalta China, Great Britain, U.S.A., Russia, Orcat	U.S.A. (b)		ia, France, Great Britain of these
(2)	SAI	was concluded in:	•		· · ·
	(a)	1960 (b) 1972	(c) 1976	(d)	None of these
(3)	Osan	na Bin Laden is:	· •		•
	(a)	Taliban Leader	(b)	Amer	ican citizen
	(c)	Saudi Arabian	(J)		of these
(4)	Brez	nev was:			
	(a)	The President of Uzbe	kistan 👘		
	(b)	The Prime Minister of	Great Britain		
	(c)	The President of Russ			
	(d)	None of these			
(5)	The F	irst Hague Conference v	vas held in:		
	(a)	1890 (b) 1907		(d)	None of these

In the modern cra the forcign policy is directly affected by the economic 5. conditions of a country. Discuss.

INTERNA HORAL KURALING



<u>ERNA</u>	
(6)	Hitler became the Chancellor of Germany in: (a) 1929 (b) 1931 (c) 1933 (d) None of these
(7)	1917 is the year of:
N. 7	(a) French Revolution (b) Chinese Revolution
	(c) Russian Revolution (d) None of these
(8)	Proposal for Joint Defence between Pakistan and India was made by:
1.2	(a) Nehru (b) Chou-En-Lie
	(c) Ayub Khan (d) None of these
(0)	A
(9)	Armstrong was:
	(a) Russian (b) British
	(c) German (d) None of these
(10)	
•	(a) Prime Minister of Pakistan (b) Governor Sindh
	(c) Judge of I.C.J. (d) None of these
41	U2 incldent took place in:
(LI)	(a) 1963 (b) 1960 (c) 1965 (d) None of these
(12)	
	(a) 20 (b) 18 (c) 9 (d) None of these
(13)	Bandung Conference was held in:
X (1) X	(a) 1953 (b) 1955 (c) 1958 (d) None of these
(14)	The first President of U.S.A. was:
1.1.1	(a) Johnson (b) Garfield
•	(c) Roosevelt (d) None of these
iner	
(15)	Lusaka Conference was held in: (a) 1973 (b) 1976 (c) 1970 (d) None of these
	(a) 1713 (b) 1710 (c) 1710 (a) 11010 cr 11010
(16)	Willy Brandt win:
	(a) Chancellor of Germany (b) President of Cuba
	(c) President of France (d) None of these
(17)	Pretoria is the capital of:
(•••)	(a) Zimbabve (b) Nigeria (c) South Africa
•	(d) None of these
(18)	Fourteen Points of Wilson announced in:
	(a) 1910 (b) 1913 (c) 1918 (d) None of these
(19)	Uthant was the national of:
(17)	(a) Nepal (b) Germany (c) Algeria (d) None of these
	(a) rechar (o) Ocimiany (c) Argeria (ii) record of these
(20)	Singapore became independent in:
• • •	(a) 1960 (b) 1963 (c) 1965 (d) None of these



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Page 2 of 2

NOTE:

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS-IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2002

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO. 8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

- 1. "It is the national power both Tangible and Intangible that determines the actual as well as potential power of a state". In the light of this statement discuss in detail the nature and attributes of national power.
- 2. "Notwithstanding its recent expansion NATO should be disbanded because the purpose for which it was established exists no more". Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons.
- 3. In your opinion what are the distinguishing features in a profile of American foreign policy since 1990?
- 4. "Globalization" and "Regionalism". Do you think these terms are antagonistic or complimentary? Give examples in your arguments.
- Analyse and elaborate the changes in Chinese foreign policy since the death of Mao dse dung.
- 6. What are the major demands of the 'SOUTH' against the 'NORTH' for a New International Economic Order.
- 7. Write short notes on the following:

(a)	'NAM	(b)	Détente	(c)	W.T.O.
(d)	International Law	(c)	Congress of Vienna.		

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct choice. Don't reproduce the statement.

1 .	Present Secretary General of	the U.N. belo	angs to:	
	(a) Nigeria	(5)	Ghana	
	(c) Chile	(d)	None of these.	
2	Leader of Taliban Governme	ent in Afghani	istan was:	
	(a) Hekmatyar	(b)	Mullah Umar	······································
	(c) Hamid Karzai	(d)	None of these.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3	Patrice Lumamba was the Pr	ime Minister	of:	
	(a) Congo (Zaire)	(b)	Zimbabwe	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(v) Ghana	(d)	None of these.	
4	Kwama Nkramah was one o	f the leaders of	of:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(a) Asia	(b)	Europe	
Į	(c) Africa	(d)	None of these.	
5	Who was the first Prime Mir	nister of Pakis	stan:	
1	(a) Liaqat Ali Khan	(b)	Nazimuddin	
	(c) Chundrigar	(d)	None of these.	<u> </u>

PAGE 1 of NUMPAGES 2

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

<u>TIME A</u>	LLOWED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100
NOTE:	Attempt FTVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks. Write clearly.
1.	President Bush's invasion of Afghanistan and Iraq, without sound genuine reasons has made the future of the Modern Nation State doubtful. Do you agree? Give reasons for your answer.
2.	Define Economic Imperialism. How far it is correct to say that the G-7 countries have embarked upon Economic Imperialism in the Third World through WTO and Multi-National Corporations?
3.	The introduction of the concepts of 'Unilateralism and pre-emptive strike' by President Bush has eroded the basis of International law and Diplomacy, in inter state relations. Discuss.
4.	Define Détente. Is a Détente possible between India and Pakistan? Give your arguments.
5.	What is Nuclear Proliferation? How far the United States of America is justified in pursuing the policy of Non-proliferation towards North Korea and Iran?
. 6.	Write notes on the following:(a) Deterrence(b) Euro-communism(c) Peaceful co-existence(d) Perestroika.
7.	State the conditions for the 'Road Map' of the Palestian state. What are the hurdles in its implementation? <u>COMPULSORY QUESTION</u>
8.	 Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question. (1) Paul Bremer: (a) A Hollywood Actor (b) A British politician (c) U.S. Administrator in Iraq (d) None of these.
.	 (2) Javier Solana: (a) Spanish Foreign Minister (b) President of Argentina (c) Foreign Policy spokesman of the European Community (d) None of these.
	 (3) Saced-ul-Sahaf: (a) A Saudi Minister (b) Palestinian leader (c) Information Minister of Ex-President Saddam (d) None of these.
•	 (4) Saeb Erekat: (a) Palestinian negotiator (b) Turkish Minister of Tourism (c) President of Cyprus (d) None of these.
	 (5) Abdul Kalam: (a) Minister of Bangla Desh (b) Pak Rep. in Geneva (c) Indian President (d) None of these.

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INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

(6)	Maliha Lodhi:					ł	•
	(a) Pak. Ambassador to.U.S.A.		(b)	Editor of the NEW	JC	ł	
	(c) Pak. High Commissioner to	U.K.	(d)	None of these.	13	k	•
			()	TONO OF MODE.		1	
(7)	Gerhard Schroeder:		· • •	•	•	{	
	(a) Chancellor of Germany	(b)	Prim	e Minister of Poland		Тім	E ALL
	(c) President of Slovakia	(d)	None	e of these.		ŀ	
		· · · /			• • .	Į	
(8)	Dr. Kelly was:				•	 	• • · ·
•	(a) British Nuclear Scientist	(b)	110	Secretary of Treasury		NOTE	: Attemp
	(c) A Minister of South Africa			e of these.	/	ļ –	Rest of
÷		· (u);	INOIR	e or mese.			
(9)	Winston Churchill was:					<u> </u> 1	Transl
	(a) An American General					ŧ –	
· .	(b) Leader of Scotish Labour Pa			•		6	
÷ .	(c) British Prime Minister	Lty .		•		t	
	(d) None of these.			•		ł.	
. · · ·		,				ł .	
(10)	Imam Khomini came to power in	Iron i	.			Ę.	
(10),	(a) January, 1978			1070		ł.	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(c) December, 1980	(b)		uary, 1979	-	ŧ.	
	(c) Decomber, 1980	. (d)	None	e of these.	· .	E -	
(11)	Mustafa Kamal Dasha anua D			7 1•	1.11	1	
(4.4)	Mustafa Kamal Pasha gave P (a) Six			Lemansm.	• •		
			Five	^ .1	•	2.	When
• • •	(c) Eight	(a)	None	of these.			Ayat. I
(17)	When more that it and the set of the			· · ·	1	ł	•
(12)	Who gave the idea of 'Peaceful (Į.	
	(a) Nikita Khrushchev			id Brezkhev	· ·	ŧ.	
•	(c) Molotov	(a)	None	of these.		l -	٠.
. (12)	1986	i .				3.	Define
(13)	When USSR was dis-integrated?					ł	
	(a) April, 1990	(b)		mber, 1991		1	
•	(c) January, 1992	(d)	None	of these.		j	
						1	
(14)	Monroe Doctrine was given in:					4.	Explain
	(a) 1922	(b)	1923			1	need ar
	(c) 1924	(d)	None	of these.	• .	1	
				· · ·		3	
(15)	Kurt Waldhiem was:		·	н. Н	· ,	. .	
	(a) A Swiss politician	(b)		tary General of U.N.(). ·	1	. •
1.	(c) President of Germany	(d)	None	of these.		5.	Write c
	A						,
(16)	Chou En-Lai was:			· · · · · ·		Ĭ	
÷	(a) Prime Minister of China	(b)		mor of Hong Kong	•	ŧ.	
•	(d) Vice President of Taiwan	(d)	None	of these.	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	ŧ,	
			•			8.	What i
(17)	OIC was formed in:			• .		l i	woma
	(a) 1967	(b)	1968			ł	
	(c) 1969	(d)	None	of these.		}	•
	•	•			• .		
. (18).	NATO was formed in:	•		, -	•	1	
	(a) 1948	(b)	1949		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	7.	Write
	(c) 1950	. (q)	None	of these.	· ·		
· · ·						1	
(19)	Israel was created in:		•		,	Ex.	,
	(a) 1947	(b)	1948			ŧ.	
	(c) 1949	(d)	None	of these.		8.	Expla
				· · ·		1	
(20)	Water Gate Scandal resulted in the	e resig	nation	of:	• •	E .	. •
· · ·	(a) President Johnson	(b)	Presid	ent Nixon	•.	I ·	
•	(c) President Carter		None	of these.		1.	
	*****)				9	Write
	and the second					Ł	

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE^{*}COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

Attempt FIVE questions in all, including **Ouestion No. 8** which is **COMPULSORY**. NOTE: All questions carry EQUAL marks.

- 1. The age of isolation is over. The modern states act and behave as member of the international community. Qualify the statement with reference to the following:
 - (a)Definition and scope of International Relations.
 - (b) Nature and utility of the subject.
- 2. The economic power determine the superiority and political domination of a country in International System? Discuss.

Nationalism has been major cause of conflicts. Justify with special reference to the following: 3.

- (a) Western concept of Nationalism
- (b) Islamic concept
- 4. Evaluate the Sino-Pak nexus in the light of changing geo-politico-economic scenario of the region.
- 5. OIC has failed to foster Pan Islamic unity and solidarity to meet the challenges faced by the Ummah in a spirit of cooperation and collective action. Indeed it is an important forum that needs complete overhauling/restructuring. Comment and suggest measures to make it effective.
- 6. Middle East peace process is in doldrums. Discuss.
 - Impediments to Middle East peace process. (a)
 - Future prospects and peace efforts. (b)
- 7. Explain the following with examples: Hostile Embargo
 - Balance of Terror (b)
 - Entente (c)

(a)

Co-existence (d)

COMPULSORY OUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1)	The to	erm nationality	is deriv	ed from	a Latin Word:	:		
	(a)	NATO	(b)	Natior	n (c)	NATIA	(d)	None of these
(2)	Eleve	nth SAARC S	ummit v	was held	in the year:			
-	(a)	2000	(b)	2001	(c)	2002	(d)	None of these
(3)	ECO	consists of:						
	(a)	8 members		(b)	9 members			

- (D) (c)
 - 10 members (d) None of these

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INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS:

(4)	The littoral states around the I (a) 25 (b)			E	(J)	None of these
(5)	(a) 25 (b) The first atom bomb was used	· · ·	c) 3	5	(d)	None of these
(5)		-	c) T	he USSR	(d)	None of these
(6)	Brown amendment was adopte				(u)	None of these
(0)				995	(d)	None of these
(7)	Oslo Agreement was signed in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	() I.		(u)	None of these
(1)		•	c) l	993 *	(d)	None of these
(8)	Fourth ASEAN Summit was h	•	•) 1	///	("	, tono or mose
(0)			c) Ja	akarta	(d)	None of these
(9)	Pre-partition India consisted o	•	-,	·	(-)	
(*)	(a) 579 princely states		584 Princ	cely states		
	(c) 590 Princely states		None of	-		
(10)	India conducted its 2 nd nuclear	r test after a gap	of:			
	(a) 20 years (b)			4 years	(d)	None of these
(11)	According to Quincy Write th				onal pol	itics are:
	(a) 18 (b) 21		23	(d)		of these
(12)	Pattern of political system who	ere center of pov	wer are r	nore than tw	o is calle	ed:
	(a) Polycentrism	(b) Bicentris				
	(c) Multicentrism	(d) None of	these			
(13)	Complete cessation of nuclear		ole aim o	of:		
		NPT (c) F	MCT	(d)	None of these
(14)	Turkey falls in:		1			
	(a) Asia			lurope		
	A Standard Providence of the second s					
(15)	(c) Asia and Europe		(d) N	lone of these		
X7	Uzbekistan shares common bo	order with:				
	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azcrbijan (b)	order with: Dagestan ((c) (C	Jeorgia	(d)	None of these
(16)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af	(c) C fghanista	Jeorgia an were estab	lished in	
	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af ((c) C fghanista (b) F	Jeorgia an were estab Yebruary, 194	lished in 8	
(16)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af ((c) O fghanista (b) F (d) I	Jeorgia an were estab	lished in 8	
	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af (solve the proble	(c) O fghanista (b) F (d) I em of:	Jeorgia an were estab Yebruary, 194 None of these	lished in 8 :	n:
(16) (17)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to (a) East Timore (b)	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af (solve the proble	(c) O fghanista (b) F (d) 1 em of:	Jeorgia an were estab Yebruary, 194	lished in 8	
(16)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to (a) East Timore (b) MI-5 is the secret agency of:	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af ((solve the proble Bosnia ((c) O fghanista (b) F (d) I em of: (c) K	Jeorgia an were estab bebruary, 194 None of these Cosovo	lished in 8 : (d)	n: None of these
(16) (17) (18)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to (a) East Timore (b) MI-5 is the secret agency of: (a) France (b)	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af ((solve the proble Bosnia (Germany ((c) O fghanista (b) F (d) I em of: (c) K	Jeorgia an were estab Yebruary, 194 None of these	lished in 8 :	n:
(16) (17)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to (a) East Timore (b) MI-5 is the secret agency of: (a) France (b) Pakistan joined NAM in the y	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af (solve the proble Bosnia (Germany (ear:	(c) C fghanista (b) F (d) 1 em of: (c) K (c) U	Jeorgia an were estab Sebruary, 194 None of these Kosovo J.K.	lished in 8 (d) (d)	n: None of these None of these
(16) (17) (18) (19)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to (a) East Timore (b) MI-5 is the secret agency of: (a) France (b) Pakistan joined NAM in the y (a) 1978 (b)	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af (solve the proble Bosnia (Germany (ear: 1980 ((c) C fghanista (b) F (d) 1 em of: (c) K (c) U	Jeorgia an were estab bebruary, 194 None of these Cosovo	lished in 8 : (d)	n: None of these
(16) (17) (18)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to (a) East Timore (b) MI-5 is the secret agency of: (a) France (b) Pakistan joined NAM in the y (a) 1978 (b) Un Secretary General belongs	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af ((solve the proble Bosnia (Germany (ear: 1980 (to:	(c) C (ghanista (b) F (d) 1 (c) K (c) K (c) U (c) 1	Jeorgia an were estab bebruary, 194 None of these Cosovo J.K. 981	lished i 8 (d) (d) (d)	n: None of these None of these None of these
(16) (17) (18) (19)	Uzbekistan shares common bo (a) Azerbijan (b) Diplomatic relations between (a) September, 1947 (c) January, 1949 Dayton Accord was signed to (a) East Timore (b) MI-5 is the secret agency of: (a) France (b) Pakistan joined NAM in the y (a) 1978 (b) Un Secretary General belongs	order with: Dagestan (Pakistan and Af ((solve the proble Bosnia (Germany (ear: 1980 (to:	(c) C (ghanista (b) F (d) 1 (c) K (c) K (c) U (c) 1	Jeorgia an were estab Sebruary, 194 None of these Kosovo J.K.	lished in 8 (d) (d)	n: None of these None of these

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COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2005

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8, which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

- 1. The relations between the sovereign states of the world are becoming one of the most important aspects of contemporary life. Evaluate with reference to the importance of international relations.
- 2. International system creates interactions among states through diplomacy, international law, and economic relations. Comments.
- 3. How effective are international organizations in dealing with the global problems. Discuss with particular reference to the UN from 1945 to present.
- 4. In the context of its nature, purpose and devices, how does balance of power influence regional systems?
- 5. What is nuclear deterrence? Is it an appropriate Policy? What are alternatives to nuclear deterrence?
- Will China become an Economic Super Power in 21st century? What should US-Policy 6. be towards the modernization of China?
- 7. How would a realist analyze the current problems in International Politics;
 - Control of Mass destruction weapons; (a)
 - (b) Terrorism;
 - (c) Human rights violations;
 - (d) Politics of environmental protection.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1)	The treaty of Westphalia	established modern	nation states system in:

(a)	1684	(6)	1648
(c)	1664	(d)	None of these

- · (2) The first world war started on:
 - 23rd June, 1914 20th June, 1914 (a) (b) 28th June, 1914 (c) (d) None of these

(3) The treaty of Versailles concluded in:

1918 (a) 1920 (b) 1919 (d) (c) None of these

(4) The Chinese communist party was founded in:

- 1923 (a) (b) 1921 1917 (c) (d) None of these
- (5) The second world war started in: September 1939 (a) (b) October 1939 November 1939 (c)
 - (d) None of these

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INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

(6)		27 years of imprisonment,			eased in:
	(a)	1991	(b)	199 0	
	(c)	1994	(d)	None of these	
(7)	Arab	Magrib Union consists of:			
0	(a)	Seven States	(b)	Five States	•.
	(a) (c)	Nine States	(d)	None of these	· .
	(0)	INITE States	(u)	None of meae	
(8)	The r	principal organs of United N	lations are	: ::	
	(a)	Eight	· · (b)	Five	•
	(c)	Six	(d)	None of these	
					•
(9)	Scan	dinavia constitutes:			• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(a)	Nine states	(b)	Five states	
	(c)	Seven states	⁻ (d) _.	None of these	χ
(10)		Kingdom of Saudi Arabia w			1020
	(a)		(b)	18 th September	1932
	(c)	25 th September 1932	(d)	None of these	
(11)) Which	ch treaty served as an umbre	lla for US	involuement in Vi	ietnom war
(II	(a)	Nato	(b)	Seato	
	(u) (c)	Cento	(d)	Nor e of these	
	(0)		(-)		
(12)) The (Gulf Cooperation Council c	onsists of:	1	
	(a)	Six states	(b)	. Nine states	
	(c)	Seven states	·(d)	None of these	
	•				
(13)		eague of Arab States was es			
	(a)	23 rd March, 1943	(b)	26 th March, 194	4.
	(c)	22 nd March, 1945	·(d)	None of these	·
(14) Tha	Common Wealth of Austral	ia onmo in	to evictore in	
. (14) The (a)	1901	(b)	1911	
	(a) (c)	1905	(d)	None of these	
		1705	(4)		
(15) The l	Balkan Peninsula is located	in:		
•	(a)	Central Europe	(b)	South Western I	Europe
-	(c)	South Eastern Europe	(d)	None of these	
(16)		Mark and Engels presented			1:
	(a)	1845	(b)	1848	
•	(c)	1850	(d)	None of these	
(17) Sovie	et Union was replaced by Ru	ussian fed	eration in	<u>.</u>
(1)	(a)	October, 1991	(b)	January, 1991	
	(c)	December, 1991	(d)	None of these	
		,,,	(-)		
(18) "Poli	tics among Nations" was wi	ritten by:		-
	(a)	K. J. Holsti	(b)	Gavin Boyd	
	(c)	Hans J. Morgen thau	(d)	None of these	
/10	, , ,,,	1. 66 . 64. 201	
(19)		le 55 of the UN Charter pro			
	(a) (c)	Peace Security	(b) (d)	Human Rights None of these	
	(0)	occurry	(u)	None of these	
(20)) The	main judicial arm of UN, the	e ICJ is lo	cated in:	
((a)	Geneva	(b)	The Hague	
	(c)	Lisbon	(d)	None of these	
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International Relations Year: 2000

TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS:100 NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including question No.8 which is compu1sory. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Define International Relations. Discuss its scope and importance of the study of International Relations.

2. Define Imperialism and discuss the Economic Theories of Imperialism.

3. Do you agree that in contemporary International Relations, International Economic and Trade linkages are being used as pressure tactics in inter-State Relations.

4. Define Non-Aligned Movement? Make an appraisal of its role and discuss the future of NAM.

5. Define the Politics of Nuclear Proliferation. How far the super powers have been responsible for the proliferation of Nuclear weapons.

- 6. Write notes on TWO of the following:
- (a) De-colonization (b) Crisis Management
- (c) Euro Communism (d) Pak-China relations in the 1990s.
- 7. Define the present "Russian Doctrine" and discuss its impact on Pakistan and India.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

- 8. Write only the correct answer in the 4nswer Book. Don't reproduce the questions.
- (1) Yalta Conference was held in:
- (a) 1944 (b) 1945 (c) 1946 (d) None of these.



- (2) The Cuban Missile Crisis occurred in:
- (a) 1960 (b) 1961 (c) 1962 (d) one of these.
- (3) NATO was formed in:
- (a) 1948 (b) 1949 (c) 1950 (d) None of these.
- (4) SEATO was formed in:
- (a) 1953 (b) 1954 (c) 1955 (d) None of these.
- (5) NAM was formed in:
- (a) 1955 (b) 1961 (c) 1962 (d) None of these.
- (6) INF Treaty was signed in:
- (a) 1985 (b) 1986 (c) 1987 (d) None of these
- (7) U Thant was:
- (a) The Prime Minister of Laos (b) President of Taiwan
- (c) Secretary General of the United Nations. (d) None of these.
- (8) Saile Brakat is: -
- (a) An Israeli Statesman (b) A leader of East Timor(c) Chief Palestinian negotiator (d) None of these. -
- (9) Pamila Parker is:
- (a) A British Actress (b) An American Senator -(c) Girlfriend of crown Prince Charles (d) None of these:



(10) Abdul Kalam is:-

- (a) A Literary Figure (b) An Indian Nuclear Scientist
- (c) A Kashmiri Mujahideen- Leader (d) None of these.

(11) Trygve Lie was:

(a) An Actor of Marshal Art (b) Administrator of Hong Kong(c) Secretary General of the United Nations. (d) None of these.

(12) Fidel Castro became Cuban Prime Minister in:

(a) February, 1959 (b) February, 1960(c) May, 1961 (d) None of these.

(13) OIC was formed in:

(a) Jedda (b) Rabat (c) Cairo (d) None of these.

(14) Politics Among Nations was written by:

(a) James Rosenau (b) Hans Morgenthan(c) K.J Holsti (d) None of these.

(15) Congress of Vienna took place in:

(a) 1648 (b) 1815 (c) 1899 (d) None of these.

(16) Afghan Mujahideen took power in Kabul on:

(a) April 20,1991. (b) April 28, 1992

(c) 1st March, 1993 (d) None of these.

(17) Alma Atta is the Capital of: -

(a) Tajikistan (b) Terkmenistan

(b) Kazakistan (d) None of these.

(18) Nosterdamus was:



- (a) An Italian (b) A French (c) A German (d) None of these.
- (19) Americans are going to elect: -
- (a) 43rd President of USA (b) 44th President of USA
- (c) 45th President of USA (d) None of these.
- (20) Soviet Union was disintegrated on:

(a) 5th December, 1991 (b) 28th May, 1992

(c) 28th December, 1993 (d) None of these