FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO JOBS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2001.

INTERNATIONAL RELATION

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including question No.8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

1. International Relations is a Separate discipline. Discuss.

2. Critically evaluate American Foreign Policy towards Afghanistan.

3. "Balance of terror and not of Power is helpful in maintaining Peace in the nuclear Power age". Comment.

4. International Law is a significant instrument in regulating the conduct of states and International Organizations. Discuss.

5. In the modern era the foreign policy is directly affected by the economic conditions of a country. Discuss.


7. Write notes on any TWO of the following:
   (a) Limited War
   (b) International Law and International morality
   (c) SEATO
   (d) Palestine Problem

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the questions.

   (1) Who participated in the Yalta Conference?
      (a) China, Great Britain, U.S.A. (b) Russia, France, Great Britain
      (c) U.S.A., Russia, Great Britain (d) None of these

   (2) SAIT was concluded in:
      (a) 1960 (b) 1972 (c) 1976 (d) None of these

   (3) Osama Bin Laden is:
      (a) Taliban Leader (b) American citizen
      (c) Saudi Arabian (d) None of these

   (4) Brezhnev was:
      (a) The President of Uzbekistan (b) The Prime Minister of Great Britain
      (c) The President of Russia (d) None of these

   (5) The First Hague Conference was held in:
      (a) 1890 (b) 1907 (c) 1914 (d) None of these
6. Hitler became the Chancellor of Germany in:
   (a) 1929  (b) 1931  (c) 1933  (d) None of these

7. 1917 is the year of:
   (a) French Revolution  (b) Chinese Revolution
   (c) Russian Revolution  (d) None of these

8. Proposal for Joint Defence between Pakistan and India was made by:
   (a) Nehru  (b) Chau-Hai-Lie
   (c) Ayub Khan  (d) None of these

9. Armstrong was:
   (a) Russian  (b) British
   (c) German  (d) None of these

10. Sir Zafarullah Khan was:
     (a) Prime Minister of Pakistan  (b) Governor Sindh
        (c) Judge of I.C.J.  (d) None of these

11. U2 incident took place in:
    (a) 1963  (b) 1960  (c) 1965  (d) None of these

12. Members of the Security Council are:
    (a) 20  (b) 18  (c) 9  (d) None of these

13. Bandung Conference was held in:
    (a) 1953  (b) 1955  (c) 1958  (d) None of these

14. The first President of U.S.A. was:
    (a) Johnson  (b) Garfield
    (c) Roosevelt  (d) None of these

15. Lusaka Conference was held in:
    (a) 1973  (b) 1976  (c) 1970  (d) None of these

16. Willy Brandt was:
    (a) Chancellor of Germany  (b) President of Cuba
        (c) President of France  (d) None of these

17. Pretoria is the capital of:
    (a) Zimbabwe  (b) Nigeria  (c) South Africa
        (d) None of these

18. Fourteen Points of Wilson announced in:
    (a) 1910  (b) 1913  (c) 1918  (d) None of these

19. Uhlan was the national of:
    (a) Nepal  (b) Germany  (c) Algeria  (d) None of these

20. Singapore became independent in:
    (a) 1960  (b) 1963  (c) 1965  (d) None of these

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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2002

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO. 8 which is COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

1. "It is the national power both tangible and intangible that determines the actual as well as potential power of a state". In the light of this statement discuss in detail the nature and attributes of national power.

2. "Notwithstanding its recent expansion NATO should be disbanded because the purpose for which it was established exists no more". Do you agree with this statement? Give reasons.

3. In your opinion what are the distinguishing features in a profile of American foreign policy since 1990?

4. "Globalization" and "Regionalism". Do you think these terms are antagonistic or complimentary? Give examples in your arguments.

5. Analyse and elaborate the changes in Chinese foreign policy since the death of Mao tse duang.

6. What are the major demands of the ‘SOUTH’ against the ‘NORTH’ for a New International Economic Order.

7. Write short notes on the following:
   (a) NAM  (b) Détente  (c) W.T.O.
   (d) International Law  (e) Congress of Vienna.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct choice. Don’t reproduce the statement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Present Secretary General of the U.N. belongs to:</th>
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<td></td>
<td>(a) Nigerin  (b) Ghana  (c) Chile  (d) None of these.</td>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Leader of Taliban Government in Afghanistan was:</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Hekmatyar  (b) Mullah Umar  (c) Hamid Karzai  (d) None of these.</td>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Patrice Lumumba was the Prime Minister of:</th>
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<td>(a) Congo (Zaire)  (b) Zimbabwe  (c) Ghana  (d) None of these.</td>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Kwanna Nkrumah was one of the leaders of:</th>
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<td>(a) Asia  (b) Europe  (c) Africa  (d) None of these.</td>
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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Who was the first Prime Minister of Pakistan:</th>
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<td>(a) Liaquat Ali Khan  (b) Nazimuddin  (c) Chundrigar  (d) None of these.</td>
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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS
IN PBS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2003

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8 which is
COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks. Write clearly.

1. President Bush’s invasion of Afghanistan and Iraq, without sound genuine
reasons has made the future of the Modern Nation State doubtful. Do you
agree? Give reasons for your answer.

2. Define Economic Imperialism. How far it is correct to say that the G-7
countries have embarked upon Economic Imperialism in the Third World
through WTO and Multi-National Corporations?

3. The introduction of the concepts of ‘Unilateralism and pre-emptive strike’ by
President Bush has eroded the basis of International law and Diplomacy, in
inter state relations. Discuss.

4. Define Détente. Is a Détente possible between India and Pakistan? Give your
arguments.

5. What is Nuclear Proliferation? How far the United States of America is
justified in pursuing the policy of Non-proliferation towards North Korea and
Iran?

6. Write notes on the following:
   (a) Deterrence
   (b) Economic Imperialism
   (c) Peaceful co-existence
   (d) Euro-communism
   (e) Perestroika.

7. State the conditions for the ‘Road Map’ of the Palestinian state. What are the
hurdles in its implementation?

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the
question.

(1) Paul Bremer:
   (a) A Hollywood Actor
   (b) A British politician
   (c) U.S. Administrator in Iraq
   (d) None of these.

(2) Javier Solana:
   (a) Spanish Foreign Minister
   (b) President of Argentina
   (c) Foreign Policy spokesman of the European Community
   (d) None of these.

(3) Saeed-ul-Sahaf:
   (a) A Saudi Minister
   (b) Palestinian leader
   (c) Information Minister of Ex-President Saddam
   (d) None of these.

(4) Saeb Erekat:
   (a) Palestinian negotiator
   (b) Turkish Minister of Tourism
   (c) President of Cyprus
   (d) None of these.

(5) Abdul Kalam:
   (a) Minister of Bangla Desh
   (b) Pak Rep. in Geneva
   (c) Indian President
   (d) None of these.
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<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Options</th>
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<tr>
<td>(6) Maliha Lodhi:</td>
<td>(a) Pak. Ambassador to U.S.A.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) Pak. High Commissioner to U.K.</td>
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<td>(7) Gerhard Schroeder:</td>
<td>(a) Chancellor of Germany</td>
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<td>(c) President of Slovakia</td>
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<td>(8) Dr. Kelly was:</td>
<td>(a) British Nuclear Scientist</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) A Minister of South Africa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(9) Winston Churchill was:</td>
<td>(a) An American General</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(b) Leader of Scottish Labour Party</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) British Prime Minister</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(d) None of these.</td>
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<td>(10) Imam Khomeini came to power in Iran in:</td>
<td>(a) January, 1978</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) December, 1980</td>
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<td>(11) Mustafa Kamal Pasha gave --- Principles of Kemalism.</td>
<td>(a) Six</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Eight</td>
</tr>
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<td>(12) Who gave the idea of ‘Peaceful Co-existence’?</td>
<td>(a) Nikita Khrushchev</td>
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<td>(c) Molotov</td>
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<td>(13) When USSR was dis-integrated?</td>
<td>(a) April, 1990</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) January, 1992</td>
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<td>(14) Monroe Doctrine was given in:</td>
<td>(a) 1922</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) 1924</td>
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<td>(15) Kurt Waldheim was:</td>
<td>(a) A Swiss politician</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) President of Germany</td>
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<td>(16) Chou En-Lai was:</td>
<td>(a) Prime Minister of China</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(d) Vice President of Taiwan</td>
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<td>(17) OIC was formed in:</td>
<td>(a) 1967</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) 1969</td>
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<td>(18) NATO was formed in:</td>
<td>(a) 1948</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) 1950</td>
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<td>(19) Israel was created in:</td>
<td>(a) 1947</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) 1949</td>
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<td>(20) Water Gate Scandal resulted in the resignation of:</td>
<td>(a) President Johnson</td>
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<td>(c) President Carter</td>
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FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS
IN BPS-17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2004

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including Question No. 8 which is COMPULSORY.
All questions carry EQUAL marks.

1. The age of isolation is over. The modern states act and behave as members of the international community. Qualify the statement with reference to the following:
   (a) Definition and scope of International Relations.
   (b) Nature and utility of the subject.

2. The economic power determines the superiority and political domination of a country in International System? Discuss.

3. Nationalism has been major cause of conflicts. Justify with special reference to the following:
   (a) Western concept of Nationalism
   (b) Islamic concept

4. Evaluate the Sino-Pak nexus in the light of changing geo-politico-economic scenario of the region.

5. OIC has failed to foster Pan Islamic unity and solidarity to meet the challenges faced by the Ummah in a spirit of cooperation and collective action. Indeed it is an important forum that needs complete overhauling/restructuring. Comment and suggest measures to make it effective.

6. Middle East peace process is in doldrums. Discuss.
   (a) Impediments to Middle East peace process.
   (b) Future prospects for peace efforts.

7. Explain the following with examples:
   (a) Hostile Embargo
   (b) Balance of Terror
   (c) Entente
   (d) Co-existence

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1) The term nationality is derived from a Latin Word:
   (a) NATO (b) Nation (c) NATIA (d) None of these

(2) Eleventh SAARC Summit was held in the year:
   (a) 2000 (b) 2001 (c) 2002 (d) None of these

(3) ECO consists of:
   (a) 8 members (b) 9 members
   (c) 10 members (d) None of these
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS:

(4) The littoral states around the Indian Ocean are:
   (a) 25 (b) 33 (c) 35 (d) None of these

(5) The first atom bomb was used in 1945 by:
   (a) The Germany (b) The U.S.A. (c) The USSR (d) None of these

(6) Brown amendment was adopted by the U.S. Senate in the year:
   (a) 1990 (b) 1992 (c) 1995 (d) None of these

(7) Oslo Agreement was signed in the year:
   (a) 1990 (b) 1992 (c) 1993 (d) None of these

(8) Fourth ASEAN Summit was held in:
   (a) Singapore (b) Islamabad (c) Jakarta (d) None of these

(9) Pre-partition India consisted of:
   (a) 579 princely states (b) 584 Princely states
       (c) 590 Princely states (d) None of these

(10) India conducted its 2nd nuclear test after a gap of:
     (a) 20 years (b) 24 years (c) 34 years (d) None of these

(11) According to Quincy Write the approaches to the study of international politics are:
     (a) 18 (b) 21 (c) 23 (d) None of these

(12) Pattern of political system where center of power are more than two is called:
     (a) Polycentrism (b) Bicentrism
         (c) Multicentrism (d) None of these

(13) Complete cessation of nuclear testing is the sole aim of:
     (a) CTBT (b) NPT (c) FMCT (d) None of these

(14) Turkey falls in:
     (a) Asia (b) Europe (c) Asia and Europe
         (d) None of these

(15) Uzbekistan shares common border with:
     (a) Azerbaijan (b) Dagestan (c) Georgia
         (d) None of these

(16) Diplomatic relations between Pakistan and Afghanistan were established in:
     (a) September, 1947 (b) February, 1948
         (c) January, 1949 (d) None of these

(17) Dayton Accord was signed to solve the problem of:
     (a) East Timore (b) Bosnia (c) Kosovo
         (d) None of these

(18) MI-5 is the secret agency of:
     (a) France (b) Germany (c) U.K.
         (d) None of these

(19) Pakistan joined NAM in the year:
     (a) 1978 (b) 1980 (c) 1981 (d) None of these

(20) UN Secretary General belongs to:
     (a) Ghana (b) Uganda (c) Uruguay
         (d) None of these
FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS
IN BPS–17, UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2005

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS  MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, including QUESTION NO.8, which is
COMPULSORY. All questions carry EQUAL marks.

1. The relations between the sovereign states of the world are becoming one of the most
important aspects of contemporary life. Evaluate with reference to the importance of
international relations.

2. International system creates interactions among states through diplomacy, international
law, and economic relations. Comments.

3. How effective are international organizations in dealing with the global problems.
Discuss with particular reference to the UN from 1945 to present.

4. In the context of its nature, purpose and devices, how does balance of power influence
regional systems?

5. What is nuclear deterrence? Is it an appropriate Policy? What are alternatives to nuclear
deterrence?

be towards the modernization of China?

7. How would a realist analyze the current problems in International Politics;
(a) Control of Mass destruction weapons;
(b) Terrorism;
(c) Human rights violations;
(d) Politics of environmental protection.

COMPULSORY QUESTION

8. Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

(1) The treaty of Westphalia established modern nation states system in:
(a) 1684  (b) 1648
(c) 1664  (d) None of these

(2) The first world war started on:
(a) 23rd June, 1914  (b) 20th June, 1914
(c) 28th June, 1914  (d) None of these

(3) The treaty of Versailles concluded in:
(a) 1918  (b) 1920
(c) 1919  (d) None of these

(4) The Chinese communist party was founded in:
(a) 1923  (b) 1921
(c) 1917  (d) None of these

(5) The second world war started in:
(a) September 1939  (b) October 1939
(c) November 1939  (d) None of these
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

(6) After 27 years of imprisonment, Mr. Nelson Mandela was released in:
   (a) 1991   (b) 1990
   (c) 1994   (d) None of these

(7) Arab Magribi Union consists of:
   (a) Seven States   (b) Five States
   (c) Nine States    (d) None of these

(8) The principal organs of United Nations are:
   (a) Eight   (b) Five
   (c) Six     (d) None of these

(9) Scandinavia constitutes:
   (a) Nine states   (b) Five states
   (c) Seven states   (d) None of these

(10) The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia was proclaimed on:
    (a) 21st September 1932   (b) 18th September 1932
    (c) 25th September 1932   (d) None of these

(11) Which treaty served as an umbrella for US involvement in Vietnam war:
     (a) Nato   (b) Sea o
     (c) Cento   (d) None of these

(12) The Gulf Cooperation Council consists of:
     (a) Six states   (b) Nine states
     (c) Seven states (d) None of these

(13) The league of Arab States was established on:
     (a) 23rd March, 1943   (b) 26th March, 1944
     (c) 22nd March, 1945   (d) None of these

(14) The Common Wealth of Australia came into existence in:
     (a) 1901   (b) 1911
     (c) 1905   (d) None of these

(15) The Balkan Peninsula is located in:
     (a) Central Europe   (b) South Western Europe
     (c) South Eastern Europe (d) None of these

(16) Karl Marx and Engels presented the Communist Manifesto in:
     (a) 1845   (b) 1848
     (c) 1850   (d) None of these

(17) Soviet Union was replaced by Russian federation in:
     (a) October, 1991   (b) January, 1991
     (c) December, 1991  (d) None of these

(18) "Politics among Nations" was written by:
     (a) K. J. Holsti   (b) Gavin Boyd
     (c) Hans J. Morgenthau  (d) None of these

(19) Article 55 of the UN Charter promotes international:
     (a) Peace      (b) Human Rights
     (c) Security   (d) None of these

(20) The main judicial arm of UN, the ICJ is located in:
     (a) Geneva    (b) The Hague
     (c) Lisbon    (d) None of these