

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013

Roll Number

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE, PAPER-I

| | | | |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| TIME ALLOWED: | (PART-I MCQs) | 30 MINUTES | MAXIMUM MARKS: 20 |
| THREE HOURS | (PART-II) | 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES | MAXIMUM MARKS: 80 |
| NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after 30 minutes. | | | |
| (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit. | | | |

PART-I ((MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Circle ● on the OMR Answer Sheet. (20x1=20)
(ii) Answers given anywhere, other than OMR Answer Sheet, shall not be considered.

- The Abbasids defeated:
(a) Salahuddin Ayyubi (b) The Mongols (c) The Ghaznavids (d) None of these
- Ummayyad Caliph Mu'awiyah II was son of:
(a) Abu Talib (b) Abu Sufyan (c) Jafar (d) None of these
- Which is the 3rd Sura in Al-Quran?
(a) Al-Maida (b) Aal-e-Imran (c) An-Nisa (d) None of these
- Imam Shafi was a:
(a) Philosopher (b) Jurist (c) Poet (d) None of these
- What is the modern day name of Abyssinia?
(a) Africa (b) Ethiopia (c) Synia or Abass (d) None of these
- Aws and Kharzaj were two tribes of:
(a) The Jews (b) The Quraish (c) The Ansaar (d) None of these
- Hazrat Hamza (RA) accepted Islam in the year:
(a) 3 Nabvi (b) 8 Nabvi (c) 2 A.H. (d) None of these
- Rulers of Pre-Islamic Iran were called:
(a) Qaisar (b) Kisra (c) Sultan (d) None of these
- Before Islam Arab were:
(a) Autonomous body (b) Illiterate (c) Own mind (d) None of these
- Hadith was compiled by:
(a) Hazrat Abu Bakkar (RA) (b) Hujjaj Bin Yousuf
(c) Umer Bin Abdul Aziz (RA) (d) None of these
- Hajre-Aswad Means:
(a) Pious Stone (b) Black Stone (c) Historical Stone (d) None of these
- The Battle of Jaml was fought between the Hazrat Aishah (RA) and:
(a) Talha (b) Muawiya (c) Yazid (d) None of these
- Khalid bin Walid (RA) was removed from the command during the expedition to:
(a) Iran (b) Tabuk (c) Yeman (d) None of these
- Sura al-Noor speaks of:
(a) Wars (b) Mal-i-Ghanimat (c) Judicial order only (d) None of these

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE, PAPER-I

15. Imam Bukhari died in:
(a) 322 AD (b) 261 AD (c) 241 AD (d) None of these
16. Asmaha the "Najashi King of Habsha" with whom the Muslims took refuge for the first time was:
(a) Jew (b) Christian (c) Mushrik (d) None of these
17. Sulh-i-Hudibiyya was written by:
(a) Hazrat Abu Bakar (RA) (b) Hazrat Ali (RA) (c) Hazrat Umar (RA) (d) None of these
18. Hajjaj bin Yousuf was:
(a) Ummayyad (b) Abbasid (c) Ottoman (d) None of these
19. Hazrat Abu Sufyan lost his eye in the battle of:
(a) Taif (b) Uhad (c) Khandaq (d) None of these
20. Ibn Sina was born in:
(a) AH 370/AD 980 (b) AH 374/AD 984 (c) AH 368/AD 970 (d) None of these

PART-II

NOTE: (i) **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
(ii) Candidate must write **Q. No.** in the **Answer Book** in accordance with **Q. No.** in the **Q. Paper**.
(iii) Attempt **ONLY FOUR** questions from **PART-II**. **ALL questions carry EQUAL marks**.
(iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

- Q.2.** The Byzantine civilization was the one of the major civilization of its time, explain its major achievements and the causes of its down fall? **(20)**
- Q.3.** Describe any **TWO** of the following institutions of Islam in the light of teaching of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) and how to put into service at present in the Muslims states? **(20)**
(a) Judicial System
(b) Economic Organism
(c) Character building and social order
- Q.4.** Explain the basis on which Hazrat Abu Bakar (RA) became a Khalifah/Caliph and pen down his role as a protector of Islamic way of life. **(20)**
- Q.5.** Describe the scientific and literary advancement of Abbasid Period and how it can be revived in at present? **(20)**
- Q.6.** Give an account of the fall of and disintegration of the Ottoman Empire and describe its similarities with present Muslim's rule. **(20)**
- Q.7.** The Muslim civilization gave a new religious and socio-political order. Give a comparison with New World Order. **(20)**
- Q.8.** Explain the impact of Mithaq-e-Madina in that divergence living state of society of Medina and how it can be employed now? Discuss. **(20)**

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Roll Number

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE, PAPER-II

| | | | |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| TIME ALLOWED: | (PART-I MCQs) | 30 MINUTES | MAXIMUM MARKS: 20 |
| THREE HOURS | (PART-II) | 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES | MAXIMUM MARKS: 80 |
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PART-I ((MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Circle ● on the OMR Answer Sheet. (20x1=20)
(ii) Answers given anywhere, other than OMR Answer Sheet, shall not be considered.

- Literal meaning of Ijtihad is:
 (a) Effort (b) Struggle (c) Individual judgement (d) None of these
- How many Khulfas' were in Umayyad dynasty?
 (a) 8 (b) 10 (c) 12 (d) 14 (e) None of these
- Marwan was the son of:
 (a) Walid (b) Sulayman (c) Hakam (d) None of these
- After a short Khilafat of Mu'awiyah-II the next Khilafa was:
 (a) Ibn Hisham (b) Ibn Zubair (c) Ibn Yazid
 (d) Abdul Malik b. Marwan (e) None of these
- For the first time Abdul Malik issued purely Muslim coinage known as:
 (a) Rupees (b) Riyal (c) Dirham (d) Dinar (e) None of these
- Firdousi was the poet of:
 (a) Africa (b) Arabs (c) Persia (d) None of these
- Saffah was the first Khalifa of:
 (a) Umayyads (b) Hashims (c) Abbasids (d) None of these
- _____ Was the real founder of Abbasids.
 (a) Saffah (b) Abu Ja'fer (c) Haroon (d) none of these
- With the emergence of Abbasids, the capital was transferred from Syria to:
 (a) Africa (b) Turkey (c) Egypt (d) Iraq (e) None of these
- Amin was murdered in:
 (a) 813.AD (b) 814.AD (c) 815.AD (d) 816.AD (e) None of these
- Maliki doctrines were introduced in Spain in the reign of:
 (a) Hisham (b) Abdur Rahman (c) Abdullah (d) Yazid (e) None of these
- The fall of Baghdad was in Hijri year:
 (a) 632 (b) 656 (c) 569 (d) None of these
- The duration of Khilafat Umr b. Khattab from _____ to _____.
 (a) 13-24 A.H (b) 15-26 A.H (c) 14-23 A.H (d) None of these
- Who was the custodian of Key of Ka'bah after the conquest of Makkah?
 (a) Uthman b. Talha (R.A) (b) Abu Sufyan (R.A) (c) 'Abbas (R.A) (d) None of these

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE, PAPER-II

15. Who wrote a book for Abbasid Khalifa concerning economic policy?
(a) Abu Hanifa (b) Awza'i (c) Abu Yousuf (d) None of these
16. In which battle many Huffaz of the Quran were martyred?
(a) Qadsiya (b) Mawtah (c) Yamamah (d) None of these
17. The battle of Nahrawan was against the group called _____.
(a) Mu'tiazlite (b) Khawarig (c) False prophets (d) None of these
18. What was the real native homeland of Hazrat Ibrahim (A.S.)?
(a) Palestine (b) Iraq (c) Ur (d) None of these
19. In which Surah of the Quran, the name of adopted son of our Prophet (Peace Be Upon Him) has been mentioned?
(a) Muhammad (b) Ahzab (c) Fath (d) Al-Nagm (e) None of these
20. Who was the pioneer to introduce the naval forces in the history of Islam?
(a) Uthman b. Affan (R.A) (b) Mu'awiyah (R.A) (c) Sa'ad b. Abi Waqqas (R.A) (d) None of these

PART-II

NOTE: (i) **Part-II** is to be attempted on the separate **Answer Book**.
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(iii) Attempt **ONLY FOUR** questions from **PART-II**. **ALL** questions carry **EQUAL marks**.
(iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

- Q. No.2.** What is meant by Civilization and Culture and how it affects our life and also analyse the foundation of modern civilization? **(20)**
- Q. No.3.** Give a brief sketch on "Evolution of Knowledge especially in the field of Science and Wisdom" in Muslim Spain. **(20)**
- Q. No.4.** "The down fall of Muslim Community", how do you consider it as blessing or loss for mankind? Discuss it in detail. **(20)**
- Q. No.5.** The Role model for Muslim rulers may be as under:-
(i) Monarchy (ii) Khilafat (iii) Democracy
Which one is most practical and suitable to solve major problems of contemporary Muslim Ummah in the light of Islamic teachings? **(20)**
- Q. No.6.** Highlight the main reasons and causes of Ottomans empire for their expansion and service towards Islam after the fall of Baghdad. **(20)**
- Q. No.7.** Write a comprehensive note on the nature and importance of Abbasid institutions, with special reference to Bait-ul-Hikmah and its impact on society. **(20)**
- Q. No.8.** Write detailed notes on the life and works of the followings: **(10 each)**
(a) Shah Wali Ullah Dehlvi
(b) S. Ameer Ali
