

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION **COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2025 FOR RECRUITMENT TO** POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

POLITICAL SCIENCE, PAPER-I

	TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS		MAXIMUM MARKS: 20				
	PART-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES						
	NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back						
	after 30 minutes.						
	(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/ar	U					
	(iii) There is no negative marking. All MC	Qs must be attempted	1.				
		s)(COMPULSORY)					
Q.1	(i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appr(ii) Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR	•	` '				
1.	Which Muslim scholar gave the cyclical theory	of 'Rise and Fall of	Sovereign Power' (state)?				
	(A) Ibn-e-Khaldun (B) Shah Waliullal		· /				
2.	According toMuslim thinker, state is	s a moral instituti	on to attain good for 'Millah'				
	(nation/people).						
_		` '	Afghani (D) None of these				
3.	collected all the ordinances relating to p						
4		(C) Al-Mawardi	(D) None of these				
4.	The book 'The Open Society and its Enemies' i		(D) Mana 64				
5		(C) John Rawls	(D) None of these				
5.	believes in the use of violence in armed (A) Karl Marx (B) Mao Zedong	(C) Immanuel K					
6.	argues that Liberal Democracy is the fin	` '	\				
υ.		(C) Francis Fukt					
7.	'Theory of Hegemony' is propounded by:	(C) Trancis rukt	Jama (D) Hone of these				
, .		(C) Jean Paul Sa	rtre (D) None of these				
8.	believes in rigid type of equality and	` '	× /				
	production.		1 1 11 11 11 11 11				
	(A) Capitalism (B) Socialism	(C) Marxism	(D) None of These				
9.	Which one of these is not a social contract theory						
	(A) Thomas Hobbes (B) J. Locke	(C) J. J. Rousse	eau (D) None of these				
10.							
	(A) Asabiyyah (B) Individuality		(D) None of these				
11.	Who gave the concept of 'Political Sovereignty'						
		(C) Montesquieu	(D) None of these				
12.			(D) 17 01				
1.2	(A) Logos (B) Lag	(C) League	(D) None of these				
13.		ure of a democratic	system which is made possible				
	through holding of: (A) Count differ (B) Amornia Political Many	(C) E 1	Floations (D) Non-ef-1				
1 1	\ / I	` /	Elections (D) None of these				
14.			D) Nama af 41-aa-				
15	(A) Sovereignty of God (B) Justice Constitutional law is considered:	(C) Both (A) & (B) (D) None of these				
15.	(A) Subordinate law of the land (B) Supreme la	ow of the land (C) M	Junicinal law (D) None of these				
16.	· · ·	iw of the fame (C) IV	rumerpar raw (D) Trone or mese				
10.	· ·	nents (C) Both (A	(D) None of these				
17.			d by a government.				
1/.	(A) Actions (B) Regimes	(C) Netwo	• •				
	(1) Regimes	(C) 110tW					

Utilitarian thinkers believed in: 19. (A) expanding sphere of state action

(B) limiting sphere of state action

sovereign.

(C) de-facto

(D) None of these

(C) Totalitarianism

(A) Parliamentary

(A) Actual

Seperation of power is the salient feature of 20.

(B) Titular

(B) Presidential

18. In parliamentary democracy, president is a/an

system.

(C) Unitary

(D) None of these

(D) None of these

PART-II

- NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
 - (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II, by selecting TWO questions from EACH SECTION. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
 - (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
 - (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
 - (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
 - (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

SECTION-A

- Q.No.2. Write a comparative analysis on Aristotle's and Plato's concept of 'Ideal City-State'. (20)
- Q.No.3. Discuss Rousseau's Theory of Social Contract. Do you agree with his rationale? (20)
- Q.No.4. Elaborate the concept of state and government by Ibn-e-Khaldun. (20)
- Q.No.5. What is the difference between the Hegel's and Marx's dialectical approach? Which (20) one appeals you, describe with logical arguments.

SECTION-B

- Q.No.6. Capitalism and Democracy are the two faces of same coin. Elaborate with appropriate (20) arguments.
- Q.No.7. Political parties are main engines of social change and political recruitment. Comment. (20)
- **Q.No.8.** Write short notes on the following:

(10 each) (20)

- (a) Women Empowerment
- (b) Human Rights



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POLITICAL SCIENCE, PAPER-II

(PART-I MCQs)

Roll	Number

Page 1 of 2

MAXIMUM MARKS: 20

	ART-I (MCQs) on sep	arate OMR Answer Sheet w	hich shall be taken back
after 30 minute		nswers will not be given credi	f
	gative marking. All MCC		••
	PART-I (MCQs	(COMPULSORY)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	ppropriate Box on the OMF In the OMF In the OMF In the control of the cont	*
. In France, system of gov	ernment is:		
(A) Presidential	(B) Parliamentary	(C) Mixed	(D) None of these
2. The Bill of Rights in the	US Constitution prima	rily aims to:	
(A) Strengthen Federal Po	wer (H	B) Protect Individual Liberties	
(C) Define State Responsi	bilities (I	D) None of these	
8. What is the highest sour	ce of Legal Authority in	n the UK?	
(A) The Prime Minister The French President is		(C) Parliament	(D) None of these
(A) Lower House	(B) Popular Vote	(C) Upper House	(D) None of these
6. What is the name of Ger	•		
(A) The Grundgesetz	(B) The Federal Charter	(C) The German Compact	(D) None of these
5. The British Indian Associ	ciation was formed by S	Sir Syed Ahmad Khan in:	
(A) 1862	(B) 1864	(C) 1866	(D) None of these
. ECO was formed in:			
(A) 1965	(B) 1985	(C) 1975	(D) None of these
8. Which principle underpi	ins China's political sys	stem as per its Constitution?	
		(C) Separation of Power	(D) None of these
. The Turkish political s	system transitioned fr	om Parliamentary to Presi	dential under which
constitutional amendmen	nt?	•	
(A) 2010	(B) 2016	(C) 2017	(D) None of these
0. Parliament of Iran is a:	. ,	. ,	. ,
(A) Uni-Cameral	(B) Bi-Cameral	(C) Tri-Cameral	(D) None of these
1. Which of the following is	s the primary goal of th	e European Union?	
(A) Cultural Integration			
(C) Economic and Politica		O) None of these	
2. The SAARC was established	•		
(A) Promote Defense Coo	peration in South Asia	(B) Foster Regional Econom	nic Cooperation
(C) Develop Cultural Ties	with Europe	(D) None of these	•
3. The Constitution of 1956	was unique as:		
(A) It declared Pakistan a	republic with a federal st	tructure	
(B) It provided for a bican	neral legislature for the f	first time	
(C) It granted special pow	_		(D) None of these
4. The number of US President	_	fice:	
(A)4	(B) 6	(C) 1	(D) None of these
5. Which country was appoi	nted the first chairman	of the Decolonization Commit	tee of the United Nations?
(A) Japan	(B) India	(C) Sweden	(D) None of these
6. The National Security C			
(A)8	(B) 10	(C) 12	(D) None of these
7. Common Law is related	. ,	· ,	
(A) Civil Liberties	(B) Franchise	(C) Law of the Land	(D) None of these
8. For how many months, l	* /	. ,	
(A) 6	(B) 4	(C) 8	(D) None of these
	\ <i>/</i>	` /	
	• • • • • •	<u> </u>	onal trade
		` '	
		(=)	
=		(C) United Nation	(D) None of these
9. The World Trade Organ (A) Conflict resolution bet (C) Protection of global er 20. The Maastricht Treaty le (A) European Union	nization (WTO) deals particles to the particles of the control of the particles of the control o	` /	onal trade

PART-II

- NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
 - (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II by selecting ONE question from SECTION-A and THREE questions from SECTION-B. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
 - (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
 - (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
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SECTION-A

- Q. No. 2. Why has SAARC been unable to replicate the success of the European Union despite geographical proximity and cultural ties among member states?
- Q. No. 3. France's semi-presidential system combines features of both parliamentary and presidential systems. Assess its effectiveness in ensuring political stability and avoiding authoritarianism. (20)

SECTION-B

- Q. No. 4. Compare the leadership structures of Iran and Turkey and their impact on policy formulation. (20)
- Q. No. 5. Federalism has been a continuing cause of political tension in our country. Will the 18th amendment made in the constitution solve this issue once for all? Take a position and support with your arguments.
- Q. No. 6. How does public opinion shape the foreign policy-making process in Pakistan? (20) What role does the press play in influencing these decisions?
- Q. No. 7. Compare the political and constitutional crises faced by Pakistan between 1947-1956 and the post-2008 era. How do they reflect structural weaknesses in governance?
- Q. No. 8. What are the limitations of International Financial regimes like the IMF and WTO in addressing economic inequalities in developing countries? How do these institutions face challenges in overcoming these disparities?

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