

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

**COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR
RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN B.P.S. – 17
UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013.**

**Political Science
Paper – I**

Q:1 Multiple Choice Question

1- The main book which presents the Montesquieu's philosophy:

- a) the Persian letters
- b) Prince
- c) The spirit of Law
- d) None of these

2- Leviathan is a book written by:

- a) Rousseau
- b) locke
- c) Hobbes
- d) None of these

3- Al-Farabi translated the work of:

- a) Aristotle
- b) Plato
- c) Montequieu
- d) none of these

4- Al-Farabi made everlasting contribution to:

- a) Political thought
- b) Sociology
- c) History
- d) none of these

5- Al-Ghazali was appointed in Nizamia College as a professor of:

- a) Theology
- b) Sociology
- c) economics
- d) none of these

6- Asbiyah was the term used by:

- a) Turkish
- b) Spanish
- c) Arabs
- d) none

7- " The economics is the factor causing revolutions, movements or wars" is the claim of:

- a) Mao
- b) Karl Marx
- c) lenin
- d) none

8- Dr. Iqbal graduated in the year of:

- a) 1887
- b) 1889
- c) 1885
- d) none

9- Jean Bodin presented the concept of sovereignty in the book of:

- a) Republic
- b) Lectures on jurisprudence
- c) Republica
- d) none

10- According to which view, the law and libert are opposite to each other:

- a) Liberalism
- b) Communism
- c) Individualism
- d) none

11- The term "elite" was first began to use in:

- a) France and Germany
- b) U.K and U.S
- c) U.S and U.S.S.R
- d) none

12- The constitution is not written and rigid in:

- a) Confedration
- b) Federation
- c) Unitary state
- d) none

13- A voluntary union of sovereign and independent states is called:

- a) Confederation
- b) Federation
- c) Unitary state
- d) none

14- Reconstruction of Religious Thoughts in Islam is written by:

- a) Ibn-e-Khaldun
- b) Allama Iqbal
- c) Syed Amir Ali
- d) none

15- According to Aristotle, tyranny is the perverted form of:

- a) Democracy
- b) Aristocracy
- c) Monarchy
- d) none

16- Despotism means:

- a) Rule of individual based on law
- b) Rule of individual without law
- c) Democracy
- d) none

17- Mechiavelli was a:

- a) Republican
- b) Monarchist
- c) Aristocrate
- d) none

18- The regimes, like Nazi Germany, Fascist Italy and Soveit Union under Stalin are example of:

- a) Authoritarian rule
- b) Totalitarian rule
- c) liberal democracy
- d) none

19- The distinction between the parliamentary and presedential political system depends upon the relationship between:

- a) legislature & executive
- b) P.M & Presidnet
- c) P.M & his cabinet
- d) none

20- Who said, " Law is the command of sovereign"?

- a) Jean Bodin
- b) John Austin
- c) Rousseau
- d) none

Section-A

Q2. Examine Montesquieu's theory of separation of powers. Why he has been called "Aristotle" of eighteen century? Discuss.

Q3. Critically analyse the Social Contract theory of Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.

Q4. Discuss the Allam Iqbal's concept of "Khudi".

Q5. Write short notes on the following:

- (i) Ibne Khaldun's concept of Asbiyah
- (ii) Marx's theory of Class Struggle

Section-B

Q6. Define and discuss Liberty and its safeguards. Enlist the causes of decline in modern times.

Q7. Define political parties and their functions. In your view, which party system is suitable for Pakistan's political system?

Q8. Write short notes:

- (i) Independence of judiciary
- (ii) Merits of Federation

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Political Science Paper – II

Q1: Multiple Choice Questions

1- Quorum of Senate of PAKistan is:

- a) 1/2
- b) 1/3
- c) 1/4
- d) 1/5
- e) none

2- Under 1973 Constitution of Pakistan, _____ woman/women can be included as member/ members of the Council of Islamic Ideology:

- a) No
- b) One
- c) Two
- d) Three

3- Financial Powers of the Senate of Pakistan are _____ to the National Assembly of Pakistan:

- a) Equal
- b) More
- c) Less
- d) Nil

4- Islam was declared as the State religion under the _____ constitution of Pakistan:

- a) 1973
- b) 1962
- c) 1956
- d) 8th amendment

5- Scientific Society was establishe by Sir Syed Ahmad Khan in:

- a) 1867
- b) 1866
- c) 1864
- d) 1863

- 6- The first Muslim who became the President of Indian National Congress was:
- a) Badruddin Tayyab gi
 - b) Abdul Kalam Azad
 - c) Zakir Hussain
 - d) Abul Kalam
 - e) none
- 7- Which American president was shot dead due to violation of convention of Senatorial courtesy?
- a) Abraham Licoln
 - b) Garfeild
 - c) Jefferson
 - d) Roosevelt
 - e) none
- 8) Pendleton Act was introduced in USA in _____ for the recruitmnet to government posts through competitive examination.
- a) 1905
 - b) 1901
 - c) 1885
 - d) 1883
 - e) none
- 9- On 15th November 1777, a _____ of 13 states was created in America.
- a) Federation
 - b) Confederation
 - c) Unity
 - d) Condomenium
 - e) none
- 10- The present constitution of Turkey was drafted by;
- a) kamal Ataturk
 - b) Grand National Assembly
 - c) National COnsultative Council
 - d) none
- 11- The Bolshevic Revolution took place in USSR in:
- a) 1915
 - b) 1917
 - c) 1919
 - d) 1949
 - e) none

12- The presidium of the Supreme Soveit of former USSR consisted of _____ members:

- a) 333
- b) 303
- c) 33
- d) 25
- e) none

13- The quorum of House of Lords is:

- a) 3
- b) 33
- c) 50
- d) 100
- e) none

14- The Judicial committtee of Privy council was set up by the Act of _____

- a) 1866
- b) 1833
- c) 1926
- d) 1931
- e) none

15- Every lord had a right to vote by proxy which was abolished in:

- a) 1688
- b) 1866
- c) 1707
- d) 1868
- e) none

16- The Privy council consists of _____ members:

- a) 30
- b) 100
- c) 330
- d) none

17- The French president is elected by:

- a) Electoral college
- b) Direct universal sufferage
- c) national assembly
- d) senate
- e) none

18- " Right Honourable" is the title of:

- a) Members of the Privy council
- b) Cabinet Ministers
- c) Judges of the courts

d) None

19- Under the 5th republic, tenure of French president is _____ years:

- a) 3
- b) 4
- c) 5
- d) 7
- e) none

20- American _____ is known as the Third Chamber.

- a) President
- b) Supreme Court
- c) Senate
- d) House of Representatives
- e) none

Section-A

1. American Senate is "the saucer in which the boiling tea of the House is cooled".Elucidate.
2. Explain why kingship is not abolished in England?
3. Examine the Powers of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of USSR.

Section-B

4. Discuss the salient features of 1982 Constitution of Turkey.
5. Discuss the Role of Quaid-i-Azam in creation of Pakistan.
6. Give comparative analysis of the Islamic provisions of 1956, 1962 and 1973 Constitutions of Pakistan.
7. Write short notes on any TWO of the following:
 - (a) National People's Congress of China
 - (b) Role of "Leader" in the 1979 Constitution of Iran
 - (c) "There is no such thing as Indian Secularism",Discuss.