

## FIRST RAPID FIRE EVERYDAY SCIENCE

Q1: Where does food pass through between the mouth and the stomach?
A. The gullet B. The rectum C. The small intestine D. The large intestine
Q2: For a normal healthy adult of 65-70 kg body weight:
<ul> <li>A. The blood pH is 7.0.</li> <li>B. There are about 4.5 x 1012 red cells per liter.</li> <li>C. The blood volume would be about 4 liters.</li> <li>D. There are about 1 x 109 leukocytes per liter.</li> </ul>
Q3: Your stomach is located right behind your belly button. TRUE or FALSE
Q4: The change in focal length of an eye lens to focus the image of objects at varying distances is done by the action of
A. Pupil B. Ciliary muscles C. Retina D. Blind spot
Q5: What is another name for the windpipe?
A. Lungs B. Larynx C. Trachea D. Oesophagus
Q6: The image formed on the retina of a human eye is
A. Real and upright B. Real and inverted C. Imaginary and upright D. Imaginary and inverted



- Q7: The percentage of glucose present in the normal urine is
- A. 0.1%
- B. 2%
- C. 9.5%
- D. 0%
- Q8: Protective foods in our diet are
- A. Fats and vitamins
- B. Carbohydrates and minerals
- C. Vitamins and minerals
- D. Proteins and carbohydrates
- Q9: The function of hemoglobin in the body is
- A. Transport of oxygen
- B. Destruction of bacteria
- C. Prevention of anemia
- D. Utilisation of iron
- Q10: Thalassaemia is a hereditary disease affecting -
- A. Blood
- B. Lungs
- C. Heart
- D. Kidney
- Q11: Which one of the following is a water soluble vitamin?
- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin C
- C. Vitamin D
- D. Vitamin K
- Q12: Among the following, the richest source of protein is
- A. Ground Nut
- B. Rice
- C. Potato
- D. Apple



Q13: Deficiency of vitamin C in human body causes a deficiency disease called:

- A. Beriberi
- B. Night blindness
- C. Rickets
- D. Scurvy
- E. None of these.

Q14: In human eye, the light sensitive layer made of specializes nerve cells, rods and cones is called as:

- A. The pupil
- B. The cornea
- C. The sclera
- D. The iris
- E. The retina.

Q15: Erythrocytes are also called as:

- A. Red blood cells
- B. White blood cells
- C. Platelets
- D. Plasma
- E. None of these

Q16: Myopia is a defect of human eye. it can be corrected by using a lens called:

- A. Convex lens
- B. Concave lens
- C. Cylindrical lens
- D. Plano convex lens

Q17: In humans, most nutrient molecules are absorbed by the:

- A. small intestine
- B. stomach
- C. liver
- D. large intestine
- E. None of these

Q18; which of the following vitamins helps in the absorption of calcium?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin B
- C. Vitamin C
- D. Vitamin D



## Q19: WHICH OF THE HEART CHAMBER HAS THICKEST WALL?

A. RIGHT ARTIUM B. LEFT ARTIUM C. RIGHT VENTRICLE D. LEFT VENTRICLE
Q20: The contract about 70 times per minute, which represents a person's pulse rate.
A. ARTIUMS B. VENTRICLES C. BOTH D. NONE OF THESE
Q21: Power of a lens is expressed in
A. Dioptre B. cm C. Metre
D. Millimetre
Q22: Oxygen moves from the lungs into the bloodstream through
A. Nerve Fibres B. A large artery in the heart C. Small blood vessels in the lungs D. A tube in the lungs called the jugular vein
Q23: Humans have four kinds of teeth: are chisel-shaped teeth in the front of the mouth for biting.
A. Canines B. Molars C. Incisors D. NONE OF THESE
Q24: The opening to the trachea is a slit like structure called?
ANS: GOLITUS



Q25: Most chemical digestion takes place in
A. Duodenum B. Jejunum C. Ileum D. None of these
Q26: Blood pressure, is the pressure exerted against the walls of?
A. ARTRIUM B. VENTRICLES C. ARTERIES D. VIENS
Q27: arteries supply the heart muscle with blood.
A. Purkinje B. Coronary C. BOTH D. NONE OF THESE
Q28: WHEN RBC DESTROYED, ITS HEMOGLOBIN CONVERTS TO
A. PROTEIN B. ENZYME C. BILIRUBIN D. NONE OF THESE
Q29: The enzymes functioning in strach digestion is
A. maltase B. sucrase C. amylase D. None of these
Q30: A high carbon-dioxide concentration leads to an increased number of nerve impulses and a higher breathing rate.
A. TRUE B. FALSE



## **ANSWER KEY**

Q01 A	Q02 B	Q3 FALSE	Q04 B	Q05 C	Q06 B
Q07 A	Q08 D	Q09 A	Q10 A	Q11 B	Q12 A
Q13 D	Q14 E	Q15 A	Q16 B	Q17 A	Q18 D\
Q19 D	Q20 B	Q21 A	Q22 C	Q23 C	Q24 GOLITS
O25 A	O26 C	O27 B	O28 C	O29 C	O30 TRUE